War with the Devi

OR, THE

Young Man's Conflict

WITH THE

POWERS OF DARKNESS,

IN A DIALOGUE,

Discovering the Corruption and Vanity of Youth.
The Horrible Nature of Sin, and Deplorable Condition of FALLEN MAN,

ALSO,

A Description, Power, and Rule of Conscience, and the Nature of TRUE CONVERSION.

· To which is added,

AN APPENDIX,

Containing a DIALOGUE between an OLD Are TATE and a YOUNG PROFESSOR; worthy to Perusal of all, but chiefly intended for the In struction of the Younger Sort.

By B. KEACH

Author of SION IN DISTRESS, or the GROANS of THE PROTESTANT CHURCH.

Plal. cxix. 9. Wherewith shall a young Man cleanse way? By taking Heed thereto according to thy Word.

ANEWEDITTON

LEEDS: Printed by JOHN BINNS

TO THE READER, In VINDICATION of this BOOK.

NE or two Lines to thee I'll here commend, This honest Poem briefly to defend From Calumny, because that at this Day, All Poetry there's many do gain-fay; And very much condemn, as if the same, Did worthily deserve Reproach and Blame. If any Book in Verse they chance to spy, Away prophane, they prefently do cry : But tho' this kind of Writing some dispraise, Since Men fo captious are in these our days; Yet I dare fay howe'er this Scruple 'rofe, Verse has express'd as sacred things as Profes Tho' some there be that Poetry abuse, Must we therefore not the same Method use? Yea fure, for of my Conscience it is best, And doth deserve more honour than the rest. for 'tis no human Knowledge gain'd by Art, at rather 'tis inspir'd into the Heart, Divine Means, for true Divinity Bath with this Science great Affinity: Tho' fome thro' Ignorance do it oppose, Many do it esteem far more than Prose. And find also that unto them it brings Content, and hath been the Delight of Kings. David, altho' a King, yet was a Poet, And Solomon alfo, the Scriptures show it. Then what if for all this, some should abase it, I'm apt to think the Angels do embrace it. And tho' God giv't here but in part to some, Saints shall have it perfect i'th' World to Come.

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By a FRIEND,

In COMMENDATION of these POEMS:

Y Muse is dull; altho' I have a Will, This Book for to commend, I want the skill, I know not how its Worth for to declare, Few Poems, doubtlefs, may with it compare; Not for rare Elegant Scholaftick Strains, Which flow alone from those quick-witted Brains Who with the Rhetorick and curious Art, Strive to affect the Fancy, not the Heart; This Treatise read, kind Friend, and thou shalt see 'Tis chiefly fill'd with choice Divinity. The Author foars on high, his main Defign Is to instruct that precious Soul of thine; I'th Path Celestial, shew thee very plain, How thou in Christ an Int'rest may obtain; Or if in Christ thy Soul has got a Place, He, to thy Joy, shews forth thy happy Case: This Poem's like a Messenger sent forth To give a Visit to the Drowsy Earth; The fluggish Soul it strives for to awake. Before it drops into the fiery Lake, There's very few upon the Earth do live-But might from hence some Benefit receive; For the' it is brought forth in this our Chine, Yet 'twill agree with ev'ry Place and Time; It's Message is of such a large Extent. It may, in Truth, to all the World be fent; To Male and Female, high and low Degree, He speaks a word to Bond as well as Free.

All in whom Conscience dwells, he lets them see Conscience's great Pow'r and Authority. When Heav'n's hot Thunderbolt, with fire and hail, Made Egy t's mighty Monarch's Courage fail; Conscience stept in, made him cry out amain, The Lord is just, I and my wicked Train, Have finn'd : Yea Confeience also brings Saul, Son of Kifb, the first of Ifrael's Kings, Before the Prophet humbly to confess That he had finn'd, and acted Wickedness. Conscience made David to cry out amain, Tis I have finn'd, I have Uriah flain. Though David kill'd a Lion and a Bear, And did not the great Giant's Courage fear; Yet Conscience made him stoop and tremble too. And more than this you'll find Conscience can do :. Here's Counsel for Protesfors and Protane. Choose or refuse, here's Loss and also Gain. One Reafon, Reader, of this Mode or Stile, Is, that it might with honest Craft beguile Such curious Fancies, who had rather choose To read ten Lines in Verse than one in Prose: And as the nimble Fly, that lightly forings Against the Flame, until she burn her Wings, Is taken Captive with that fulph'rous Flame, With which the only fought to fport and game, So while these curious Fancies think to play With this fmall Piece, 'twill fecretly betray Them to their Conscience, and if Conscience sends Them to God's Word, the Author has his Ends; Provided that unto the same they yield, And Grace and Conscience do obtain the Field.

FAREWELL.

YOUTH

IN HIS

UNCONVERTED STATE.



YOUTH.

THE Naturalists most aptly do compare My Age unto the Spring, whose Beauty's rare When fprighful Sol enters the Golden Sign, Which is call'd Aries; his glorious Stines And Splendid Rays do cause the Earth to Spring, And Trees to Bud, and quicken every thing; All Plants and Herbs, and Flowers then do flourish, The Grafs doth sprout, the tender Lambs to nourifo, Those things in Winter that feem'd to be Dead, Do now rife up, and brifkly flow their Head; And do obtain a Natural Resurrection, By his bot Beams and Powerful Reflection. How in the pleasant fruitful Month of May. Are Meadows clad with Flowers rich and gay, And all Earth's Globe adorn'd in Garments green, Mix'd with rare yellow, crown'd like to a Queen. The Primrofe, Gowflip, and the Violet Are curioufly, with other Flowers, fet. The Chirping Birds with their Melodious Sounds. Delight Man's Heart, whose Pleasure now abounds; The Winter's paft, with flormy Snow and Rain, And long 'swill be e'er fuch Things come again ; Nothing but Joy and fweet Delights appear, Whilft doth abide the Spring Time of the Year.

A 3

Thus

Thus 'tis with me, who am now in my Prime, In Merriment and foy I spend my Time; And like as Birds do in the lovely Spring, I so rejoice with my Conforts and sing, And Spend my Days in Sweet Pastime and Mirth, And nought shall grieve or trouble me on Earth. I am refolv'd to fearch the World about, But I will fuck the Sweetness of it out. No Stone I'll leave unturn'd, that I may find Content and foy unto my craving Mind; No Sorrow shall, whilft I do live, come near me, Nor Shall the Preacher with his Fancies fcare me; At Cards and Dice, and fuch brave Games I'll play, And like a Courtier deck myfelf most gay; With Perriwig and Muff, and fuch like things, With Sword and Belt, Golofboes and Gold-rings; Where Bulls and Bears they bait, and Cocks do fight I do refort with Speed, there's my Delight : To drink and foort among A the jovial Crew, I do refolve, whatever doth enfue; And court fair Ladies, that I also love, And of all things do very well approve, Which tend my Senfual Part to Satisfy, From whence comes all my choice Felicity. Whate'er mine Ears do hear, or Eyes behold, Or Heart defire, if so that all my Gold And Silver can for me those things procure, Ill spare no Cost nor Pains you may be sure. Thus is my Life made very fweet to me, Whilft others burry'd are in Mifery; Whofe minds with Arange conceits troubled remain, Tunking by loofing all, that way to gain. Such Riddles I can't learn, I must them leave, What's feen and felt I am refolv'd to have; Let every Man bis Mind and Fancy fill, My Luft Pil fatisfy, and have my Will.

11/ha

Who dares control me in my present Way?
Or vex my Mind i'th' least, or me gain-say?
What state of Life can equal this of mine?
Youth's gallantry, so bravely, here doth shine.

CONSCIENCE.

Controul you, Sir, in truth, and that dare I, For your Contempt of my Authority. You tread on me without the least Regard, As if I worthy were not to be heard; You strive to stifle me, and therefore I Am forc'd aloud—Murder—with speed to cry. I can't forbear, but must cry out amain, Such is the wrong which from you I sustain.

YOUTH.

What are you, Sir, you dare to be so bold, I scorn by any here to be controul'd; Ere I have done with you, I'll make you know, You shall your Power and Commission show.

CONSCIENCE.

Be not so hot, and you shall know my Name, And also learn from whence my Power came. I'm no Usurper, yet I do command You for to stop, and make a present stand. Your Pleasures you must leave, and vicious Life, Else there will grow a very bitter strife 'Tween you and I, as will appear anon, If from these Courses you don't quickly turn; For all your Courage which you seem to take, The News I bring's enough to make you quake.

YOUTH.

Whoe'er thou art, I'll make you by and by Confess you have accus'd me wrongfully. From Murder I am clear in Thought and Deed. Thus to be charg'd doth cause my Heart to bleed; Pray let me erave your Name, if you are free, If you provoke me worse 'twill quickly be.

You feek occasion and are quarrelsome,

And therefore 'tis I do suppose you're come;

But if your Name you don't declare to me,

I am resolv'd to be reveng'd on thee.

CONSCIENCE.

What Violence alas! can you do more Than that which you have done to me before? Forbear your threats, be still and hold your hand, And quickly you shall know and understand My Name, my Pow'r and Place of Residence, Which may to you prove of great Consequence. I am a servant to a mighty King, Who rules and reigns, and governs ev'ry thing, Who keeps one Court above, and here below Another he doth keep, and you shall know, O'er this inferior Court placed am I, To act and do as his great Deputy. I truly judge according to my Light, Yea, and impartially do each man right. Those I condemn who vile and guilty are, And justify the Holy and Sincere. I order'd am to watch continually O'er all your Actions with a wary eye? And I have found how you have of late time, Committed many a bold and horrid Crime, Of Murder, Treason, and like Villainy, Against the Crown and glorious Dignity Of that great Prince, from 'whence you have your breath.

Who's King and Ruler over all the Earth.
I am his Judge, Attorney-General,
And-have Commission also you to call
Unto the Bar, and make you to confess
Your horrid Crimes, and fearful Guiltiness.
A black Indictment I have drawn in Truth,
Against thyself, thou miserable Youth.

Thy Pride I will abate, thy Pleasures mar, And bring thee to confess with Tears at Bar, Thy sports and games, and youthful Lust to be Nought elfe but Sin, and curfed Vanity; And for to put thee also out of Doubt, My Name is Conscience, which you bear about No other than th' accusing Faculty Of that dear Soul, which in thy breast doth lie, I by that rule Men's thoughts, and ways compare, By which their inward parts enlighten'd are, And as they do accord and difagree, I do accuse or clear immediately. According to your Light you do not live, But violate that rule which God doth give To you, to square your Life and Actions by, From whence comes in your Woe and Mifery.

YOUTH.

Conscience art thou, why didst not speak ere now To mind what thou dost fay I can't tell bow. Thou melancholy Fancy fly from me, My Pleasure I'll not leave in Spight of thee. Other brave guests you fee to me are come, And in my House for thee there is no Room. Doft think I will be check'd by filly Thought, And into Snares my foolish Fancy brought? 'Tis you which cry out Murder, only you, A Fig (alas!) for all that you can do. For though against me you do prate and preach, Your very Neck I am refolv'd to firetch; I'll fwear, caroufe and whore, do what you will, 'Till I have Sifled you, and made you Still; I'll clip your Wings, and make you fee at length, I do know how to Spoil you of your Strength. When you do speak I will not lend an Ear, I'll make, in truth, as if I did not bear.

If you speak loud when I am all alone,
I will rise up, and straightways will be gone
To the brave Boys that toss the Pot about,
And that's the way to wear your Patience out:
I'll go to Plays and Games, and Dancings too,
And ere a while I shall be rid of you.

CONSCIENCE.

Thou stubborn foolish Youth be not so rash; Lest ere you be aware, you feel my lash. I have a sting, a whip, yea and can bite, Before you shall o'ercome I'll stoutly fight: I'll gripe you fore, and make you howl anon, If you resolve in Sin still to go on: I've overcome strong hearts, and made 'em yield, And fo shall you before I quit the Field. Go where you will, be fure I'll foon come after, And into Sorrow will I turn your Laughter. Twill prove hard work for you to shake me off, Though you at me do feem to jeer and fcoff, As if o'er you I had no Jurisdiction, Or was a Dream, a Fancy, or some Fiction; For all your Wrath, I must yet you disturb, Though you offended are, I can't but curb And fnib you daily, as I oft have done, 'Till you repent and from lewd Courses turn; For till the Cause be taken quite away, Th' Effect will follow, whate'er you do or fay; Unless your Light wholly extinguish'd be, If Sin remains, disturbance you will see; Therefore I do beseech you soberly, For to submit to my Authority; Obey my Voice, I prythee make a Trial, Before you give another flat Denial. If more sweet Comfort I don't yield to you, Than all which doth from finful Actions flow,

Then me reject, but otherwise, my Friend, My Checks receive, and to my Motions bend. Get Peace within, whatever thou doft do, And let vain Pleasures and Corruptions go; That will be better for thy Soul at last, Than Gold or Silver, or what elfe thou haft; And fince we are alone, let thee and I More mildly talk about Supremacy. .. Is't best for you, that Pride and Folly reign, Which nought does bring but forrow, shan.e & pain; And Conscience to reject, who perfectly From guilt and bondage strives to fet you free? Have not these lusts by which thou now art led, Brought many a Man unto a piece of Bread? What brave Estates have some consum'd thereby, And now are forc'd in Barns on Straw to lie? How has the Wife been ruin'd with the Child, Besides poor Conscience grievously turmoil'd; Nay, once again give ear, I prythee hark, Hath not many a brave and curious Spark Been brought in stinking Prisons thereto lie, for yielding to their Lusts and Vanity? low many fwing at Tyburn ev'ry Year, or flabbing Conscience without Care or Fear? and some also out of their Wits do run, and by that means are utterly undone. ome men so stifle me I cannot speak, and then they fport and play, and merry make, refolving that I sha'l not gripe them more, at quickly then afresh I make them roar; ome of them I do drive into despair, Vhen in their Face I do begin to stare, o rest nor peace at all their Souls can find. fo disturb and still perplex their Mind. Vhat fay you now, Young Man, will you submit? Veigh well the Danger and the Benefit.

The Danger on the one hand will be great, If me you do oppose and ill intreat. Sweet Profit comes you see on th' other hand, To such who subject are to my Command: What dost thou say, shall I embraced be? Or wilt thou follow still thy Vanity?

YOUTH.

Was ever Young Man thus perplex'd as I,
Who flourished in sweet Prosperity?
Where'er I go, Conscience dogs me about,
No quiet I can have in doors or out.
Conscience, What is the cause you make such Strife?
I can't enjoy the Comforts of my Life,
I am so grip'd and pinched in my Breast,
I know not where to go, nor where to rest.

CONSCIENCE.

'Cause you have wronged and offended me,
Loving vain Pleasures and Iniquity;
The Light you have you walk not up unto,
You know 'tis evil what you daily do.
My Witness I must bear continually,
For the great God, whose glorious Majesty,
Did in thy Soul give me so high a Place,
As for to stop you in your finful Race;
I must reprove, accuse, and you condemn,
Whilst you by Sin his Sov'reignty contemn;
I can't betray my Trust, nor hold my Peace,
'Till I am stabbed, fear'd, or Light doth cease;
'Till you your life amend, and sins forsake,
I shall pursue you 'till your heart doth ach.

YOUTH.

How bold and malipert is Conscience grown?
Though I upon this Fellow daily frown,
And his advice reject, yet still doth he
Knock at my Door, as if he'd weary me.

Confeience

Conscience I'll have you know in truth that I
A person am of some authority;
Are you so save so curb and chide
Such a brave spark, who can't your ways abide;
'Tis much below my birth and parentage,
Neither agrees it with my present age
For to give place to you, or to regard
Those things from you I have so often heard.

CONSCIENCE.

Alas! proud flesh, dost think thyself too high To be subject to such a one as I? Thy betters I continually gain-say, If they my motions don't with care obey; My power's great, and my commission large, There's scarce a man but I with folly charge. The king and peasant are alike to me, I savour none of high or low degree: If they offend, I in their saces fly, Without regard, or sear of standers by:

YOUTH.

Speak not another word, don't you perceive. There's scarce a man or woman will believe What you do say, you're grown so out of date, Be silent then, and longer do not prate. In the country your credit is but small, There's sew cares for your company at all; The husbandman the land-mark can't remove, But you straightway him bitterly reprove; Nor plow a little of his neighbour's land, But you command him presently to stand. There's not a man can go i'th' least awry, But out against him siercely you do sty: The people therefore now so weary are, They've thrust you out almost of ever; shire,

And in the city you fo bated beg There's very few that care a rush for thee; For if they should believe what you do fay, Their pride and bravery will foon decay; Their swearing, cheating, and their drunkenness Would vanish quite away, or grow much less : Our craft of profit, and our pleasure too, Would foon go down, and ruin'd be by you. The whore and bawds, with the playbouses then, Would be contemned by all forts of men. You Arive to foil us of our fweet delight, Our pleasures you oppose with all your might; The fabrick of our joy you would pull down, And make our youth just like a country clown; We balf phanaticks should be made ('tis clear) If unto thee we once inclined were. But this, amongst the rest, doth chear my heart, There's very few in London take thy part; Here and there one, which we nick-names do give, Who bated are, and judg'd not fit to live; Tis out of fashion grown, I daily see, Conscience for to regard i'th' least degree. He that ean't whore and fwear without controll We do account to be a tim'rous fool: Therefore though you so desperately do fall Upon poor me, yet do I hope I shall Get loofe from you, and then I'll tear the ground, And in all joy and pleasure will abound.

CONSCIENCE.

Ah! poor deceived soul, dost thou not know.
That most of all mankind in th' broad way go?
What though they do most wickedly abuse me?
Wilt thou also in the like manner use me?
What though they will of me no warning take,
'Till they drop down into the Stygian lake,
Wilt

Wilt thou befriend the curfed ferpent fo, As to go on 'till comes thy overthrow ? What though I am in no request by them, Don't they likewife God's holy word contemn? Don't they the gospel cast quite out of fight, Lest from their pleasures it should them affright? What tho' my friends are toft about and hurl'd, Their inward peace is more than all the world Can give to them, or from them take away, Whilst they with diligence do me obey; As I enlight'ned am by God's precepts, Which are a guide and lanthorn to my steps, O come proud heart, and longer don't contend, But leave thy luft, and to my sceptre bend; For I'll not leave thee, but with all my pow'r I'll follow thee unto thy dying hour.

YOUTH.

Into some private place then I will fly,
Where I may hide myself, and secretly,
There I'll enjoy myself, in spite of thee,
And thou shalt not i'th' least know where I be.

CONSCIENCE.

Nay, foolish youth, how can that thing be done? From Conscience it is in vain to run; No secret place can you find out, or spy, To hide yourself from me, such is mine eye I see i'th' dark, as well as in the light, No doors nor walls will keep thee from my sight; Where'er thou art or goest, am I not near Thy soul with horrid guilt to scare and fear? Could Cain or Judas get out of my reach, When once between us there was the like breach; Did I not follow them unto the end, And make them know what 'twas for to offered

My

My glorious Prince, and me his true viceroy? Vengeance doth follow them who us annoy. My counsel then I prythee take with speed, For that's the only way for to be freed From vengeance here, and wrath also to come, When thou dost die, and at the day of doom.

YOUTH.

What can't I fly from thee, nor thee subdue ? Then I intreat thee, Conscience, don't purfue, Nor follow me fo close, forbear a while, Don't yet my beauty, nor my pleasures spoil; This is my spring, and flower of my age, Oh pity me, and cease thy bitter rage: Don't crop the tender budg-it is too green, Ob let me have those days others have feen; Fortear thy band 'till my wild-oats are fown, They must be ripe alfa before they're mown. Thou hast forborne with some for a long time, That which I ask of thee is but the prime Of those good days which God bestows on me, Ob that it might but once obtained be. Tis time enough for to adhere to thee, After I've Spent my time in gallantry? In earth's fweet joys, and fuch transcendent pleasures Which young men do esteem the chiefest treasures.

CONSCIENCE.

After all violence and outrage great,
Done to poor Conscience, do you now intreat,
Thinking to prevail by flattery,
But that in truth 1 utterly defy;
'Tis quite against my nature you must know,
Unto vile lust fond pity for to show;
God has not given such a dispensation
For me to wink at your abomination;
If God doth once but blew your candle out,
I shall then quiet be, you need not doubt.

But

(But woe to you as ever you was born, If God doth once his light in darkness turn,) But whilst your soul retains that legal light, Your sins I can't endure within my sight; No liberty God I am sure will give, To any one in horrid sin to live:
Nor will he give allowance for the day, 'Tis very dangerous for to delay The work of thy repentance for an hour, What thy hands finds to do, do with a power, If me you don't believe, I prythee youth, For to resolve thyself, go to God's truth,

YOUTH.

Well, fince that you no comfort do afford, I will enquire of GOD's most boly word: So far your counsel I will take, for I Am forely troubled, whither shall I fly, I will make trial, I'm refolv'd to fee Whether that Truth and Conscience do agree; The lip of Truth can't lie, the' Conscience may, When that misguided is that leads aftray. If Truth and Conscience speak the felf-same thing, Twill some amazement to my spirit bring; That now I ask for, and earneftly crave, Is some shart time in fin longer to have. Conscience denies it me, Truth, What fay you? Oh that you would a little favour shew To a poor lad, alas! I am but young Like to a flower which is lately fprung Out of the ground, and Conscience day and night, Strives for to tread me down with all bis might: Or as the frost the tender bud doth spoil, So bas be striven to do a great while. Must I reform, and all my fins forfake? Some fitter feafen then, O let me take;

For all things, there's a time under the fun, And when I older am, I will return.

TRUTH.

Nay, hold vain Youth, you are mistaken now, No time to fin God doth to thee allow: If I may speak, attend and you shall hear, I, with poor Conscience, must witness bear. I am his guide, his rule, 'tis by my light He acts and does, and speaks the thing that's right; You are undone, if you don't speedily Leave off your fins and curfed vanity. Art thou too young thy evil ways to leave, And yet haft thou a precious foul to fave? Art thou too young to leave iniquity, When old enough, in hell for fin to lie? Some fitter feason, Youth, dost think to find, The Devil doth dart that into thy mind. No time so fit as when the Lord doth call Those who rebellious are, they one day shall Smart bitterly for their most horrid evil, In yielding to, and fiding with the Devil. But, once again, I prythee hark to me, Don't God, whilft thou arr young, call upon thee; Remember thy Creator! therefore now, And unto him with speed see you do bow, The first ripe fruit of old, God doth defire, And so likewise of thee he doth require. That thou to him a facrifice should give Of thy best days, and learn betimes to live, Unto the praise of his most holy name, And not by fin so to prophane the same. This is, Young Man, also thy choosing time, Whilft thou therefore doft flourish in thy prime, Place thou thy heart unto the Lord above, And with Christ Jesus also fall in love. Did Did not JEHOVAH give to thee thy breath, And also place thee here upon the earth; With many precious bleffings give to thee, That thou to him alone should subject be? God, out of bowels, fent his precious fon, Thy foul from evil ways with speed to turn; Who for thy fake was nailed to the tree, To free thy foul from hell and mifery. And whilft in fin, vile wretch, thou dost remain, Thou doft, as't were, him crucify again: Thy fins also, O Young Man, God doth hate, His foul doth loath, and them abominate; Nought is more odious in his bleffed fight, Than those base lusts in which you take delight. And wilt thou not, O Young Man, be deterr'd From thy vain ways? What, is thy heart so hard? Shall nothing move thy foul for to repent, Nor work convictions in thee to relent; Give ear to Truth, Truth never spoke a lie, And fly from fin and youthful vanity. Those that do seek God's kingdom first of all, And do obey God's sweet and gracious call, They shall find Christ, and lie too on his breast, And reap the comforts of eternal rest: But if thou should'st this golden time neglect, And all good motions utterly reject, And flight the day of this thy vifitation, It will to God be fuch a provocation, That he'll not wait upon thee any more, Nor ever knock hereafter at thy door. While terms of peace God doth therefore afford, Be subject to him, lest he draws his sword; If once to anger him you do provoke, He'll break your bones, & wound you with his stroke. Who can before his indignation fland, Or bear the weight of his revengeful hand?

1

I

How darest thou a war with him maintain, And fay o'er thee Christ Jesus shall not reign? Wilt thou combine with his vile enemy, And yet prefume on his fweet clemency? Wilt thou, vile traitor-like, contrive the death Of that great King, from whom thou hast thy breath? Wilt thou cast dirt upon the Holy One, And keep Christ Jesus from his rightly throne? Is't not his right thy conscience for to sway? Ought he not there to reign, and thou obey? Dar'st thou resist and dread his sov'reign power, Yea, or hold parley with him for an hour, To gratify the Devil, who thereby Renews his ffrength, yea, and doth fortify Himself in thee, and makes his kingdom strong, By tempting thee to fin, whilft thou art young? The Blackmoor sooner far may change bis skin, Than thou may's leave and turn away from fin. When once a habit and a custom's taken, The finful ways are hard to be forfaken. Dar'ft thou, vile wretch, Christ's government oppose, And with the Devil and corruption close? Had'ft rather that the Devil reign o'er thee, Than unto God Almighty subject be? Which will be best, dost think, for thee i'th' end, The Lord to please, and Satan to offend? Or Satan for to please, and so thereby Declare thyfeif JEHOVAH's enemy! For those who live in fin, 'tis very clear, They enemies to God and Jesus are. And wilt thou yield unto the Devil still?" And greedily also his will fulfil? Dost think, vain Youth, he'll prove to thee a friend, That thou doft so his cursed ways commend? Has fin, which is his odious excrement, So sweet a smell, yea; and so fragrant scent?

Let

Shall that which is the fuperfluity Of naughtiness, be precious in thine eye? And dost thou value Christ, and all he hath, Not worth vain pleasures here upon the earth? Shall he effecined be, by thee vile duft, Not worth the pleasures of a cursed luft? Is there more good in finful vanity, Than is in all the glorious Trinity? That which men think is best, that will they chuse, Aloes, Spikenard, campbire and Saffron; All precious things, poor foul, of Heav'n above, He has with him, yet nothing will thee move To open the door, for all his calls and kneeks, You let him stand until his precious locks Are wet with dew, and drops of the long night, So thou dost him despise, reject and slight; And rather keep'ft thy lust and pleasure still, Than that Christ should thy foul with heaven fill. Things of small value 'tis they do refuse: What thoughts haft thou of Christ then, finful foul, That thou his messengers dost thus controul, And dost to him to turn a deafned ear, His knocks, his calls, his wooings will not hear, Nor him regard, though he stands at the door With myrrh, and frankincense, yea, and all store Of rare fruit, and chief spice, as cinnamon, Though he ten thousand worlds doth yet excel, He makes that heart, where he in truth doth dwell, To be a heaven here upon the earth, Filling the foul with precious joy and mirth; Which makes grey-headed winter like the fpring, And young men like coe estial angels fing. The foul de doth to greatly elevate, Doth it disdain and doth abominate All fenfual pleafures, in comparison Of Jesus Christ, his dear and only one.

Let me persuade thee for to taste and try How good Christ is, for then assuredly You will admire him, yea, and praise the Lord, In that he did unto thy foul afford Such a dear Saviour, and fuch good advice, To lead thy foul into fweet Paradife; For none do know the nature of that peace, That inward joy, the which shall never cease; But he himself who doth the same profess; Oh! taste and see, for then you will confess. No pen can it express, no tongue declare, It's nature's fuch, O Young Man 'tis fo rare, Christ is the Summum Bonum, it is He, In whom alone is true felicity. Such is the nature of man's panting breaft, There's nought on earth can give him perfect reft. 'Tis not in honour that vain vanity. For fuch like beafts and other mortals die. Kingdoms and crowns they tottering do fland, The fervant may the mafter foon command. Belfbazzar, who upon the throne did fit, His knees against each other soon did hit : How was he scar'd when the band-waiting came, And wrote upon the wall, even the same That afterwards befel, his end being come, Receiv'd his fatal stroke, which was his doom. Great men oft-times are filled with great fear, Being perplex'd, they know not how to steer. Tall cedars fall, when little shrubs abide, Though winds do blow and strangely turn the tide; For man in honour lives but a fhort space, He dies like to the beafts, so ends his race. Where's Nimrod now, that mighty man of old, And where's the glory of the head of gold? Great monarchs now are moulder'd quite away, Who did on earth the golden sceptre sway; In

in highest place of human government, None ever found therein folid content. Of Alexander, 'tis declar'd by fome, How he fat down when he had overcome The Eastern world, and did weep very fore, Because there was but one world, and no more For him to conquer. Thus also 'tis still, This world's not big enough man's foul to fill: Riches and wealth also can't satisfy That precious foul which in thy breast doth lie. If store of gold or filver thou should'st gain, 'Twou'd but increase thy forrow, grief and pain. Riches, O Young Man, they are empty things, And fly most swift away with eagle's wings; When riches thou dost heap, thou heap'st up forrow, They're thine to-day, alas! but gone to-morrow. Fires may come, and all thy treasures burn, Or thieves may steal it as they oft have done. He that hath thousands by the year, this night May be as poor as Job before 'tis light; And as for pleasures, which thy age doth prize, Why should that seem so lovely in thine eyes? 'Tis but a moment they with thee will last, And fadness comes also when they are past. The brute his pleasures hath as well as thee, Man's chiefest good, therefore, can't pleasures be And whilft thou ftriv'it the evil luft to please, Thy raging conscience, Youth, who shall appease With this fweet meat, I tell thee also friend, Thou four fauce shalt have before the end. And as for beauty, that also is vain, Unless thou can'ft the inward beauty gain. What's outward beauty but an evil spare, By which vain ones oft-times deceived are? And on a fudden drawn into temptation, For to commit most vile abomination. That

That beauty which man's carnal heart doth prize, Renders not lovely in Jehovah's eyes; Tho' deck'd with jewels, rings, and brave attire, The glorious King their beauty don't defire; His heart's not taken with't, but otherwise, The beauty of vain ones he doth'despise, Though very fair, yet if defil'd with fin, They like unto Sepulchres are within. Loathforne and vile i'th' fight of God are they, And foon their feeming beauty will decay; It fades and withers, and away doth pass, Just like unto the flower of the grass, The curled locks, yea, and the spotted face, God, ere a while, will bring into difgrace: Those ladies which excel all others too, Must feed the worms within a day or two; Death and the grave will spoil their beauty quite, And none in them shall never more delight. As for thy age, in youthful days we fee, Youth minds nought elle fave curfed vanity; Soon may the fpring likewife meet with a blaft, And all thy glory not an hour last. The flower in the spring, which is so gay, Soon doth it fade, and wither quite away. Nothing on earth can you find out or 'fpy, That will content thee long, or fatisfy That foul of thine, if still you fearch about, 'Till you do find the rarest science out; For if in learning once you place your mind, Much vanity in that you'll also find. For human knowledge and philosophy Can't bring thy foul into fweet unity With God above, and Jesus Christ his Scn, In whom, poor Youth, is happiness alone. Dote not on honour then, nor worldly treafure, Nor beauty, learning, youth, nor other pleasure. All

All is but vanity that's here below, Truth and experience both the fame do fhow. Come look to heaven, feek for higher joys, Let swines take busks and fools those empty toys, Come tafte of Christ, poor foul, and then you will Of joys coelestial receive your fill. If thou doft drink but of the chrystal spring, These outward joys you'll see are trifling things; If heaven's sweetness once thou hast but caught, Thou would'st account earth's best enjoyments Honour and riches too Christ has great store, (naught; And at's right-hand Pleasures for evermore. Doft think that he who makes man's life fo fweet, Whilst he with prievous troubles here doth meet, And in believing hath fuch sweetness placed, Though his own image greatly is defaced, Can't give to him much greater consolation, When all the four is vanish'd of temptation, If with the bitter Saint fuch sweetness gain, What shall they have when they in glory reign?

YOUTH.

Be filent Truth, leave off, for I can't bear,
Your whining strains, nor will I longer bear
Such melancholy whimsies, they're such stuff,
Which suits not with my age, I have enough
Of it already, and likewise of you,
Since you my int'rest strive to overthrow.
When I appeal d to you I was perplext,
And with sad melancholy sorely vext:
But since I do perceive the storm is o'er,
You I don't think to trouble any more.
Long-winded sermons, sir, I do not love,
Nor of your doctrine in the least approve.
No liberty to me I see you'll give,
In sweet delights and pleasures for to live.

I don't intend Phanatick yet to turn,
Nor after such distracted people run;
An easier way to beaven I do know,
And therefore, sir, farewel, farewel to you.
My bride, my sports, and my old company,
I will enjoy and all my bravery.
I will hold fast, yea, wantonly fulfil
My sleshly mind, say Preachers what they will:

CONSCIENCE.

Ah youth! ah youth! is't fo in very deed? Wilt thou no more unto God's truth give heed, 'Twas but my mouth to stop I now do find, That unto Truth you feemingly inclin'd. But this, O Soul, I must affure to thee, What thou haft heard has much enlightned me, And my commission too it doth renew, As will appear by what doth next enfue. Have you from God been called thus upon, And shall your heart be hard'ned like a stone? You can't plead ignorance, O youth, 'tis fo, You plainly now have heard what you can do. Your fin will be of grievous aggravation, If quickly you don't make a recantation, Your fin will be of a deep scarlet dye, And many stripes prepared I espy, With which you must be beat, because that you Your mafter's will so perfectly do know; But for to do the fame you still refuse, And your poor Conscience wickedly abuse; You'll thew yourfelf a curfed rebel now. If unto Christ with speed you do not bow. Wilt thou thy fins retain when thou doft hear How much against the living God they are? Wilt thou cast dirt into his blessed face, Oh tremble Soul, and dread thy present case! None

YOUTH.

New my good days I for they will be gone, My inward thoughts will ne'er let me alone;

At that I could but fin withour controut,

Ad Conscience would no more diffurb my Soul. His bitter gripes much longer I can't bear, Has grown fo frang, that little bope is there, Bu be'll prevail, Such conflicts do I feel, My courage now and refolutions reel. But let I am refelo d once more to try, And gruggle bard to get the mastery. I countly will not quit the field, Nor a the second fummons will I yield I'll mike once more another flout affay, E're into Conscience I will yield the day. Ab! how can I my fweet delights forfake, Withou resistance to the last I make? Conscience, although I finfut am, yet fee There's many thousand sinners worse than me; There none can live, and from all fin be clear, That I from Truth did very lately bear. My beart is good, though it is true that I Am overcome through bumane frailty.

CONSCIENCE.

O cured wretch! dar'st thou thy heart commend? Come trimble, Soul, and it to pieces rend. Don't I most clearly in thy heart behold Most horid lust, 'twou'd shame thee were it told, All rottenness and filth do I espy, In that bate heart of thine to lurk and lye: There vipers breed and many a cockatrice, The spann of every sin and evil vice. Like a sepulcher, Soul, thou art within, Nought's there but stink, and putrifying sin,

Out from thy heart all evil doth ascend,
And yet wilt thou thy filthy heart commend?
And dost thou think thy state good for to be,
Cause thou dost find many as bad as thee?
You are so naught if you from sin don't turn,
You must for sin in hell for ever burn.
Except you do repent, Truth tells you plain,
You perish must in everlasting pain.

YOUTH.

Well, say no more, if this be so, I must Go unto Truth again, or I shall burst, My beart will break I clearly do discern, I therefore now must yield and also learn, What's my estate, my nature that I'd know; One Truth, I pray will you this favour show, As to emplain this thing to me more clear, I've Conscience doth my Soul with borror scare. Is be i'th' right, O Truth, or is he wrong? I find convictions in me very strong. What is my state? declare it unto me, And set my troubled Soul at liberty.

TRUTH.

What Conscience speaks, O young man, is most right,
And vain it is longer with him to fight,
Conscience against thee does his witness bear,
And dreadful danger also doth appear.
Those he condemns by light receiv'd from me,
The ternal God condemns assuredly.
And God is greater than thy heart, O Soul,
Who can enough thy grievous state condole;
If Conscience does its testimony give,
That thou in sin and cursed ways doth live;
And that thou art an unconverted wretch,
If 'tis from hence, between you there's a breach,
And

And if't be fo, as you it can't deny, What would you do if this night you should die? If in this state this life you do depart, Undone for evermore, young-man thou art: As fure as is the mighty God in heaven, Against thy Soul the sentence will be given. Conscience his power did from God receive, And if you don't obey and him believe, But do reject his motions 'tis all one, As if Christ Jesus you did tread upon. Whilft he doth rule by laws that are divine, Tis treason for to stop or undermine, And once again to shew thee thy estate, Thou being young-man not regenerate. No God nor Christ have you; 'tis even so, And this indeed's the fum of all your woe: In God no interest youth, hast thou at all, He's quite departed ever fince the fall, And is become that dreadful enemy; His angry face is fet most veh'mently, Against thy Soul, and that's a fearful thing, Enough thy pride with vengeance down to bring. Each attribute against thy Soul is set, And all of them also together meet, To make thee ev'ry way most miserable, Which wrath for to withstand, what man is able He'll fuddenly thy Soul to pieces tear, And his eternal vengeance make thee bear; His wrath it will upon thy Soul remain, Till thou by faith art truly born again.

YOUTH.

This doctrine which to me you do declare, It is enough to drive one to despair: If it be so I grant I am undone, But God is gracious and bath sent his Son:

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He's full of mercy, therefore hope do I, He'll not on me his justice magnify.

TRUTH.

The God's gracious, but he will not clear Those guilty Souls who don't his justice sear, He's very gracious, yet he's full of ire, And is to such like a consuming sire. He sent his Son, 'tis true, for souls to die, But many mis, and falsely do apply His precious blood, therefore my counsel take, Don't you too soon an application make Of God's sweet grace, nor yet of Christ's dear blood, Until by you the gospel's understood. Those who are whole, need no physician have, The sick and wounded soul Christ came to save. What dost thou judge thy present state to be! How does it stand, and is it now with thee!

YOUTH.

I am a Sinner, and my heart doth bleed, My fin-fick soul doth a sweet Saviour need; My Conscience tells me that I am most vile, And grievously, for sin, doth me turmoil.

TRUTH.

No Saviour you can have, unless you do Resolve to leave your sins, and let them go; Nor for your wounds is there a help be sure, 'Till causes be remov'd, which do procure, And bring on you that pain and bitter smart, Which you cry out has seiz'd upon your heart.

YOUTH.

My trembling foul's amaz'd and fill'd with far; Another way, Oh Truth! my course I'll steer:

I must

I must for fake all evil ways, for I Do see the danger and the misery Which doth attend the way that I am in, Whilft I do keep and bug my curfed fin. There's scarce a night which passes o'er my head, But dread I do the making of my bed; (Ere morning comes) in the fad depths of hell, My Conscience therefore now does me compel To bid adieu to all sweet joy and pleasure, To lies and fraud, and all unlawful treasure. In Sport and games I'll take no more delight, But, contrarywise, I'll pray both day and night. Conscience has evercome me with his gripes; Truth follows bim fo with bis threatened Stripes; The wall's broke down, the old man runs away, And Conscience follows close to cut and flay, And threatens too, be will no quarter give, And feems before him every thing to drive. Lust forced is in corners for to fly, Where it doth bide itself most secretly; And watches also, thinking for to get An opportunity, once more to fet And fall on Conscience, which it doth difdain, Cause Conscience Says Corruption must be flain. I side with him, because I would have peace, But still 'tis doubtful when those wars will cease.

DEVIL.

What pity is't thy sun should-set so soon, Or should be clouded thus before 'tis noon; No sooner risen in thy horizon And sweetly shines, but presently is gone: Shall winter come before the spring is past And all it's fruit be spoil'd with one sad blast Shall that brave flower, which doth seem so so quickly sade, and wither quite away?

What pity is't that one so young as thee, Should thus be brought into captivity? Hark not to Conscience, for I dare maintain, 'Tis better for to hug thy fins again. Thy Conscience, Youth, thou hast too lately found Doth but amaze, and give thy foul a wound. Confider well, advise, and thou shalt see, My ways are best, come hearken unto me. I'll give thee honour, pleasure, wealth, and things Which prized are by noblemen and kings. Let not this make-bait, with one angry frown, Throw all thy glory and thy pleasure down: Let not strange thoughts distress thy troubled mind, What fatisfaction can you have or find, But that which floweth from this world alone, 'Tis I must raise thee to the sublime throne; The hell thou fearest may be but a story, And heaven also but a feigned glory: If this don't startle thee, then speedily I will ftir up some other enemy. Old man rouze up, I charge you to awake, And swiftly too, your life lies at the stake; And Mistress Heart, stir up your wilful will; Is this a feafon for him to fit still. If unto Truth and Conscience he gives place, Our int'rest will, you see, go down apace; Judgment is gone already, and doth yield, And courage too, I fear, will quit the field. Some fins are flain, and in their blood doth lie, And others into holes are forc'd to fly: As for affection, he doth hold his own, Though Conscience doth upon him fadly frown Remembrance will unto him trait'rous prove, If I his thoughts from fermons can't remove; I'll make his mind run after things below, And raise up trouble which he did not know? He

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He will forget what he did lately hear, And cease will then his former thoughts and fear; If I can please his sensual appetite, There is no danger of a fudden flight. His breaft is tender, apt to entertain The fparks of luft, which long he can't reftrain; I'll blow them up, and kindle them anew, Then to conviction foon he'll bid adieu: New objects I'll present unto his fight, In which I'm fure he can't but take delight. I have fuch hold of him, there is no doubt, But I once more will turn him quite about. His old companions also I'll provoke, At's door again to give another stroke; Their strong enticements hardly he'll withstand, They can, you fee, his spirit soon command.

YOUTH'S OLD COMPANIONS.

How do you, Sir? What is the cause that we can't here of late enjoy your company?

It seems to us as if you were grown strange,

As if in Youth there were some sudden change.

YOUTH.

I have not had the opportunity,
Besides, on me there does some burthen lie,
blich doth press down my spirits very sore,
and makes me seldom to go forth o'th' door.

COMPANIONS.

I warr'nt you, Sirs, 'tis fin afflicts his foul,

Ad he is going just now to turn fool.

Che, come away, to age such grief belongs;

To outh brave mirth, and sweet melodious songs:

Com drive away these thoughts with pipe and pot,

Sing a carouse till they are quite forgot.

The last strains of the well-tuned lute.

Where ays they act, do with our nature foit;

Come

Come, go with us, upon a brave design,
The which will cheer that drooping heart of thine;
Come, generous soul, let thy ambitious eye,
Such foolish fancies and vain dreams defy;
Shall thy heroick spirit thus give place
To filly dotage, to thy great disgrace?

WICINUS.

The Young Man yields, being posses'd with fears.

They would reproach him else with scoffs and jeers: But afterwards his head begins to ach, And Conscience then begins afresh to wake, And stings him after such a bitter fort, It puts a period to his jovial sport.

The thoughts of Death, which sickness doth presage Doth trouble him, he cannot bear the rage And inward gripes of his enlightned breast, And therefore now again he thinks 'tis best To hark to Conscience, whom he did refuse, And grievously did many times abuse.

CONSCIENCE.

Go mourn, thou wretch, for fad is thy condition,

Pour forth amain the water of contrition;

Wilt thou appear to men godly to be,

When all is nothing but hypocrify?

Wilt thou to Truth so often lend an ear,

And yet to Satan also thus adhere?

You had as good have kept your former station.

As thus to yield afresh unto temptation;

Go unto Truth, if God give space and room.

Before I do pronounce your final doom.

TRUTH

TRUTH.

Come, come, Young Man, don't thy conviction lofe, But cherish them, and timely also chuse The one thing needful, which alone is good, That God may wash thy soul in Christ his blood; Thy foul is precious, and of greater worth Than all the things that are upon the earth. For if that the whole world you now could gain, And all the pleasures of it could obtain; And in exchange your foul should lose thereby, What would your profit be when you must die? When once thy foul is loft, thou lofest all; Oh! that will be a very dismal fall, Dost thou not know what I of hell declare, Of th' hideous howlings of the damned there h How canst thou with devouring fire dwell, Or lie with devils in the lowest hell? Those who do in their nat'ral state remain, Must live for ever in that restless pain. All fornicators, drunkards, and the liar, Must have their portion in the lake of fire; With thieves, revilers, and extortioners, And such who are most vile idolaters; The proud, the fwearer, and the covetous, God doth pronounce on them the felf-fame curfe. And those who live in vile hypocrify, Or do backflide unto Apoftacy; Let fuch unto my present words give heed, Their pain and torment shall all men's exceed. What wilt thou do, or whither canst thou fly? Where canst thou hide from the great Majesty, Who tries the reins, and fearches every heart, Conscience declares that thou most guilty art? Condemned foul, thou know's that this is so. And this moreover will I plainly thow,

Will come to pass, as fure as God's above, If from all fin with speed you don't remove; So fure as you do live, when you do die, To hell you go to all eternity: Except repentance in your foul be wrought, With vengeance thither you'll at last be brought. You are the man for whom God did prepare That dreadful tophet where the damned are; The which is made exceeding large and deep, The damned in that doleful place to keep. Oh, call to mind what Conscience doth this day Charge you withal, before you're fwept away; Lest you from him do hear no more at all, Till you into those scorching flames do fall; What mercy is't that Conscience strives so long, And his convictions still in you are strong. Oh fear, lest fin do fear your Conscience quite, And God also put out your candle light; He'll give you up unto a heart of stone, As he in wrath hath ferved many a one; Then to repent it will be much too late, Such is the danger of a lapled state. Young Man take heed you don't this work delay, Don't put it off until another day; Your own experience may discover this, Man's life a bubble and a vapour is. Thy days on earth, alas! will be but few, And fly away like to the morning dew; Like as the clouds and fnadow swiftly flies, Or dew doth pass so foon as sun doth rise: So fly thy days, thy golden months and years, Much like the bloffom which most gay appears; It on a fudden fades, and does decay, So Youth oft-times does wither quite away. Thy age thou doft unto the spring compare, And to the flowers which appear fo rare.

From hence, O Young Man, learn instructions now, Don't thy experience daily teach thee how The flower withers and hangs down his head, Which curiously of late so flourithed? The meadows clad in glorious array, But's foon cut down and turned into hav : Like Jonas's gourd, which sprung up in a night, And perished as soon as it was light: Or like a post, which quickly passeth by, Or weaver's shuttle, which he maketh fly: Or as a ship, when she is under fail, Doth run most swift when she has a full gale. So are thy days, they in like manner fly; How many little graves may'ft thou espy? Come measure now thy days, and see their length, Number them not by years, by health nor frength. Oh! these uncertain rules you must refuse, Tho' that's the way which most of men do use; They think to live till they old-aged are, 'Cause their progenitors long-lived were. That rule from truth you fee doth greatly vary, That which experience sheweth is contrary. You hear the things which you should reckon by, Things fwift in motion, gone most speedily. Thy life's uncertain, Youth, 'tis but a blaft; Thy fand is fittle, long it will not laft; Thy house, though new, yet it is very old, Cone to decay and turning to the mould. You're born to die, and dead also you were, Before you liv'd or breathed in the air; Die you must before that live you do Except you die to live, as I do show: Thy dreadful ruin, foul, is very nigh, Unless thy tears prevent it speedily; What is thy purpose now? What's in thy mind? Which way doft think to take? How art inclin ??

YOUTH.

Thy Ways, O Truth, I am refolv'd to run,
And never more will I to folly turn.
I tremble at the thoughts of death and bell,
My foul is wounded, and ny wounds do swell;
My pains increase, therefore my purpose now
Is far more strict to be, and for to bow
Unto Christ Jesus; that I may obtain
Some healing med'cine to remove my pain.
No rest can I save in my duty find,
I unto pray'r am very much inclin'd.
God will, I hope, these latter sins forgive,
Since I more godly do intend to live;
And so resolve to watch and take such care,
That Satan shall no more my soul ensnare.

WICINUS.

He from this day becomes a great professor, Though far from being yet a true possessor; Christ he has got into his mouth and head, And not internally rais'd from the dead; But in old Adam still he does remain, Not knowing what 'tis to be born again. When Satan fees it is in vain to strive, The foul into its former state to drive, But that it will forfake groß wickedness, And will also the Truth of CHRIST profess, He yie'ds thereto, resolving fecretly To blind its eyes in close hypocrify; And fo appear under a new disguise, Most subtily the soul for to surprize; Persuading him the war which he doth find Daily to be within his troubled mind, Is faving grace against iniquity, Which has prevail'd and got the victory;

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When it is common grace (we do so call)
And not the grace that's super-natural.
He takes the work of legal reformation
For th' only work of true regeneration;
Here he doth rest, and seems to be at ease,
When all is done, his Conscience to appeale;
But I'll give place to this religious Youth,
To hear discourse between him and the Truth.

YOUTH:

Oh! happy I, and bleffed be the day
That unto Truth and Conscience I gave way;
I would not be in my old state again,
If I thereby some thousands might obtain.
From wrath and bell my soul is now set free,
For I don't doubt but I converted be;
The word with power so to me was brought,
A glorious change within my soul was wrought;

TRUTH.

Young Man, take heed, left you mistaken are, Conversion's hard; it is a thing so rare, That very few that narrow passage enter, Tho' far that way, there's thousands do adventure, Yet miss the mark, for all their inward strife, They fall far short of the new creature, Life; Come, let me hear your grounds or ev dence, For I don't like your feeming confidence. I doubt I shall find you under God's curse, And still your cafe as bad, if not much worfe, Than 'twas when you did no profession make, But did your fwing in all prophaneness take, The Pharifee was a religious man, Yet nearer heaven was the publican; If short of Christ you fix or fasten to. Twill be your ruin and your overthrow.

YOUTH.

What do you mean? this doctrine's too fevere, For all might fee that I converted were; But if my grounds you are refolv'd to weigh, You shall forthwith hear what I have to say; And the first ground which I resolve to bring For to evince, to clear and prove the thing, Is from convictions which I have of sin, Which once I hugged and delighted in.

TRUTH.

Poor foul, alas! this reason soon will fly, For most do see their vile iniquity; They are convinced by their inward light, That fin is odious in JEHOVAH's fight; But yet vile finners are, nevertheless, They don't one dram of faving-grace profess. King Pharoah, Ejau, yea, and Judas too, They were convinced of their fins; you know That they were Saints, there's no man doth believe, For all those three the Devil did deceive. As he beguiled them, he may likewise With cunning stratagems thy foul surprize; Nay, and he has, fo far as I can judge, Unless you do some better reason urge To prove conversion, in your soul is wrought, I do declare your state is very nought. How many men under convictions lie. Yet never born again until they die ? What hast thou else to fay, or to produce, Since flight convictions are of little use?

YOUTH.

I do not only see my sin, but I
Do mourn and grieve for sin continually;
And those which so do mourn, they blessed are,
Don't you also the self-same thing declare?

TRUTH

T! UTH.

Nay, hold a little, thou may'ft weep amain, Yet still in thee may many evils reign. Thou mayest mourn for sin, as many do, Because of shame, or bitter pain and woe; Which now it brings, and leads unto i'th' end, And not because thereby you do offend The Living God, and wound your Saviour, who Did for your sake such torment undergo. Mourn more for th' evil which doth come thereby, Than for the evil which in it doth lie. This ground is weak, for Esau, it appears, Did mourn and weep, and let fall bitter tears; And yet you know that Esau—was prophane, And far was he from being born again.

YOUTH.

But I go farther yet, I do confess
My horrid evils and my guiltiness;
If I confess my sins as I have done,
GOD He is Just, and is the Faithful-One,
Who will my sins forgive, and pardon quite,
He'll blot them out of his most precious sight:
This being so, What cause then can you see,
But that I'm turn'd from my iniquity.

TRUTH.

This will not do, 'tis not a certain ground, Some do confess their sins whose heart's unsound; When Pharaoh saw the judgment of the hail, His heart began then greatly for to fail. I've sinn'd this time, the Lord is just said he, I and my people also wicked be. Tho' Pharaoh, Saul and Judas, each of them God did reject, and utterly condemn, Yet these, when under wrath, are forc'd to cry Lord, we have sinn'd, their Conscience so did say

Into their faces, that it made them quake,
And unto God confession strait to make.
Confession may be made also in part,
And not of ev'ry sin that's in the heart;
Men may confess their sins, and their great guilt,
Who the dire nature of it never felt.
Confess their sins in their extremity,
When Conscience pinches them most bitterly;
Confess their sins, which they committed have,
Yet don't intend those cursed sins to leave.

YOUTH.

But I confess, and also do forsake.
My state, therefore 'tis clear you do mistake;
Those who confess, and do their sins forego,
GOD will to them his precious mercy show:
Therefore, don't trouble me, 'tis very plain,
I, for my part, am truly born again.

TRUTH.

In this also you may deceived be, Men may forfake all gross iniquity, Yet in their fouls may some sweet morfel lie, Which they may hug and keep close secretly: They may fin leave, but not as it is fin, Which has too often manifested been; If the least sin thou didst forsake aright, All fins would then be odious in thy fight. Judgment and reason may your sins oppose, And utterly with them refuse to close; Yet may thy will and thy affections join, To favour still, and love those fins of thine. If fin's not out of thy affection caft, Thou wilt appear an hypocrite at last: If fin's i'th will, and in th' affections found, Tis a true fign thy heart is quite unfound.

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Like to the Seaman some profesiors do. Who over-board some goods are forc'd to throw When they do meet with florms, and with bad weather, Left all their goods and ship do fink together. When in the foul great storms and tempests rife, The Devil then may fubtily advise The foul to throw fome of its fins away. To make a calm, that fo thereby he may Persuade the soul the danger is quite gone, And that the work in him is fully done. Tis not enough therefore some fins to leave, But ev'ry fin you must resolve to heave, And cast o'er-board, yea, and that willingly, Or elfe you fink to all eternity; Not by constraint, as Conscience doth compel, As some are forc'd to do, who like it well, Who leave the act, but love it to retain, Such leave their fins, and yet their fins remain.

YOUTH.

These are bard sayings, which you do relate, and I indeed should question my estate, Were't not for other grounds and reasons clear, By which I know that I converted were. Sir! there is in me a very glorious change, Most men admire it, and do think it strange That one, who lately did both scoff and jeer Those men and people which I now do hear, and follow'd vice, and ev'ry vanity, should, on a sudden, thus reformed be; and utterly myself also deny, of my sweet joys and former company.

TRUTH.

From outward filthiness a man may turn, and not be chang'd in heart when he has done;

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A legal change, I grant he may be under, Yet may not foul and felf be cut afunder. An outward change in men there may be wrought, When yet their hearts within be very nought. The fwine that wallows in the mire now, May washed be, but still remains a fow. Persons may cleanse the outside of the cup, And dogs may spue their nasty vomits up, But yet do keep their beaftly nature still, And, e're a while, they manifest it will. Many professors fall away and die, For want of being changed thoroughly. The Pharifee was chang'd, he did appear Indeed, as if a precious faint he were: He differ'd quite from the poor Publican, He thought himself a far more happy man. But all this was in shew, and not in heart, And therefore had in Christ no share nor part. Except your righteousness doth his excel, You in no wife shall in God's kingdom dwell; 'Tis a false change, and cannot be a true, Unless you are in all things wholly new. Old Herod will reform in many things, When once he finds his Conscience bites and stings. To hear John Baptist, also was he led, Yet afterwards depriv'd him of his head. So far this feeming faint was turn'd afide, That he also our Saviour did deride; And when his men of war fet him at nought, Whilst accusations they against him brought. Simon the Sorcerer, also you read, Was changed so, he gave great care and heed, To Philip's preaching; yea, and fuddenly He leaves his witchcrafts and his forcery; And yet a curfed caitiff all the while, Like a sepulchre painted, inward vile. Anoth

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Another man in flew 'tis like thou art, Yet not made new, and changed in thy heart; Men in thy life may no great blemish fpy, Yet in thy breaft much rottennels may lie. Towards all men thy Conscience may be clear, Conscience so far may for thee witness bear, That you in morals do not offend, Yet unto God it may not you commend; But otherwise it in your face may fly, And you condemn for fin continually: For fecret evils, which 'tis privy to, Which none knows of, fave only God and you; Therefore, O Young Man! if you look about, Of your conversion you have cause to doubt. Satan fo greatly may your heart deceive, That not one dram of grace thy foul may have; Which faving is, and of the pureft kind, For that, alas! there's very few do find.

YOUTH.

But I am call'd of God, and do obey
The voice of Truth and Conscience ev'ry day;
God's called ones I'm sure you can't deny,
But they are such whom he doth justify;
Therefore 'tis clear and very evident,
That grace alone hath made me penitent.
My heart is sound, my graces true also,
My considence there's none shall overthrow.

TRUTH.

Thou seem'st too consident, 'tis a bad sign, For sears attend where saving-grace doth shine; I tell thee, Youth, that many called be, But sew are chosen from eternity. Judas was call'd, and did obey in part, And yet he was a devil in his heart.

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There is an outward and an inward cally
The latter only is effectual;
Therefore you must produce some better ground,
For this don't prove that your Conversion's sound;
But that thou may'st stick fast still in the birth,
Or prove abortive when thou art brought forth.
'Tis rare, O Youth, for to be born a-new,
And hard to find out when the work is true.

YOUTH.

Though it be se, what cause have I to fear, When that my evidences are so clear? I do believe, and trust in God through faith, And he which so doth do, the witness bath Within himself, and shall assuredly Be saved also, when he comes to die.

TRUTH.

Thou may'ft believe, as most of people do, And yet to hell at last thy foul may go; The faith of credence it is like you have, Which cannot quicken, purify or fave. Some Jews believ'd in Chrift, you also find, Yet to their lusts their hearts were then inclin'd, And out of Satan's kingdom were not freed, Nor made Disciples of the Lord indeed. Simon the Sorcerer, he did believe, Yet did his foul no faving-grace receive; But was a child of Satan's nevertheless, And stillewas in the gall of bitterness. The stony ground, with joy, receiv'd the feed, And for a time brought forth, as you may read, And yet their hearts they were but hearts of fone, Their faith was temporary, foon 'twas gone. The devils do believe, as well as you, Yea, and confess, that Jesus they do knows They AHAD. TVTIBAVBTEAHOOMS

They tremble also when some men can't say They ever did unto this present day. Such faith as devils have, most men obtain, Which ferves for nought, fave to augment their pain. If on a deathabed Conscience do awake, Twill cause them then to tremble and to quake, And roar like devils, when they do efpy The dreadful wrath of that great Majesty. Whom they offend, and, against their light, And knowledge too, most wickedly did slight. This faith will ferve their grief to aggravate, But not to help them out of that estate. 'Tis easy to believe that Christ did die, But hard his blood in truth for to apply a Men may rife up the dead to life again, As easy as true saving faith obtain By their own power, and inherent skill, Nought doth oppose it more than man's own will; Until Almighty Power makes it bend. Twill not to grace nor Jesus condescend.

That pow'r which rais'd up Jesus from the dead, Works faith in Saints, whereby they're quickened; The faith of credence, and historical, Is easy had, I ne'er deny it shall ; But precious faith, the faith of God's elect, As 'tis a grace, and glorioufly bedeck'd With other graces, for will never grow, But in the honest heart where God doth fow The bleffed feed, which, like a garden pure, Doth yield its fruits to th' last you may be sure. And when this faith is wrought in any foul, It throws down felf, and only then doth roll On Jesus Christ, as its beloved one. On whom it rests, and doth depend alone. If God has wrought this precious grace in thee, Sin thou doft hate, yea, all iniquity;

And luft doth not predominate and reign, If thou by faith art truly born again. Christ thou exalt'st, as he is Priest and King, And as a Prophet too, in ev'ry thing; He does in thee wholly the sceptre sway; And thou art govern'd by him ev'ry day, Sin can't prevail, fuch is thy happy case, If thou halt got this rare victorious grace! It purges and doth purify the heart, Wholly renewing thee in ev'ry part. Men, by its fruits, true faith do come to know, And by their works the fame do also show; What faith is thine? What thinks thou now of it? I greatly fear 'twill prove a counterfeit; Examine thy estate, and take good heed, To close with Jesus Christ, and that with speed; For as the body without the spirit's dead, The fame of faith you know is also faid. Without obedience doth thy faith attend, Yet for all this you'll perish in the end,

YOUTH.

I am obedient, and am free to join
In fellowship with Saints, such faith is mine!
I willing am to do, as to believe,
The Devil can't therefore my soul deceive;
For I have clos'd with Christ already so,
That none my faith shall ever overthrow.
The many prayers I make both day and night,
Do doubtless prove that my conversion's right.

TRUTH.

I tell thee, foul, men may do more than this, And yet they may of true conversion miss; God's ordinances many do obey, And members of God's holy Church are they;

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And of its privileges feem to share, As if that they converted truely were. They may discourse and seem to be devout, And may not be discerned, nor found out; They with the flock may walk, lie down, and feed, And so remain till many years succeed: Nay, not discover'd be, until they stand Among the goats at Jesus Christ's left hand. The foolish virgins join'd themselves with wise, And for to meet the Bridegroom did arise; But e're the Bridegroom came their case was sad, For they nought elfe fave empty veffels had. A bare profession, and a mere outside : And did no oil, no faving grace provide. Many great preachers, and disputers too, Christ will not own, nor any favour shew ; Tho' in his name they mighty works have done, He'll to them fay, Ye wicked ones be gone, I know you not, therefore begone from me, All you vile workers of iniquity. You say oft-times you feek the Lord in prayer : That you may do, and let fall many a tear, And yet not to be in a converted state; For many feek with tears when 'tis too late : Others, like seamen in a storm, do cry, When Conscience doth rebuke them bitterly: And some under affliction cry and howl, And grievously their state do then condole: Then promifes and resolutions make, That they fuch courses will no longer take; But when the storm and the afflictions o'er, They are as bad, nay, worse than were before. Some pray in form, and others pray by art, And some to mend the badness of their heart; Their hearts are wounded, and then speedily, Their prayers to heal it they do straight apply.

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They fin i'th' day, and pray when it is night; They fin again, but pray'r doth heal it quite: They think 'tis well, if tears they can let fall, Their tears and prayers they think will cure all ; And so that way poor Conscience they beguile; They thence him, yet firners all the while. Their pray'rs, alas, can't wash their filth away, Tho' they do nothing else both night and day. 'Tis on their pray'rs they rest, and do depend, Which, like a broken staff, they fall 'i'th end. A faint in pray'r, no rest nor ease can gain, Unless Christ's blood thereby he doth obtain; And grace also, his fins to mortify; For Christ, as well as pardon he doth cry; But otherwise it is with most of men, They cry for pardon, and do also then, In their vile hearts regard iniquity; And for this cause God doth their suit deny. Their prayers are to God abomination, Whilft they do hide and cover their transgression. Some out of custom do perform their pray'r, Not out of conscience, or from godly-care; And others also for vain-glory sake, Like Pharasees they many prayers make. In fight of men, in public fuch will pray, But in the closet little have to fay. And some to God also seem to draw near, Yet not in love, nor out of filial fear, (Ihow, They with their mouths and tongues much kindness When as their hearts are fixt on things below. 'Tis for the heart that Christ doth chiefly call, And reason 'tisthat he should have it all; For he the fame did buy and purchase dear, Yet Satan has the chief possession there. God at the door, and in the porch doth stand, Whilft Satan may the bravest room command. They'll They'll ope to him, and keep Jehovah out, And yet in prayer they feem to be devout. There's fome will pray, and up this duty keep, When th' foul is quiet, and th' body near afleep. Whoever prays, and prays not fervently, In faith, in truth, and in fincerity; Their pray'rs are fin, and them God will not hear, Nor mind their cry when they to him draw near. 'Tis not enough a duty for to know; But how also each duty you should do. For men may pray, read, hear, and meditate, And yet be in an unconverted state. They outwardly may many truths profess, But not in heart, the pow'r of them possess. The law i'th' letter keep, yea, have the shell, Yet feed on husks, and want the true kernel. The young man which to Jesus Christ did run, He many things as well as you had done; And yet fell short, as you may plainly see, Of the chief part of true christianity. What fay you now, O Youth, do you not fear, That you by Satan much deceived are? Have you no Delilab, which fecretly Doth in your heart or in your bosom lie? Don't you to fin some secret love retain? If it be fo, you are not born again. Conscience I fear, and God's restraining grace, Has only stop'd you in your former race. Like to a dog that's kept up by a chain, So Conscience does from fin oft-times restrain: But if the chain should flip, then loofe he goes, And presently his churlish nature shows. To your own righteousness do not you trust; I fear you do, come speak, or Conscience must. Don't you conclude God is oblig'd to you, Since you have let so many evils go?

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And one so holy here of late become. Are not your duties fet up in the room. And place of Christ? Oh! fee you do not make A faviour of your own for Jesus sake. Did ever fin, finful to you appear? And, as 'tis fin, to it great hatred bear. Wou'd you not fin were there no hell of pain. Because you know the Lord doth it disdain? Rather, is't not for fear of punishment, That you of late feem thus for to relent? Or doth there not some carnal base design, Move thee so far unto God's truth to join? Is not thy end to get a name thereby? Or only done Conscience to satisfy? Or done to free thee from reproach or fhame, Which fin doth bring upon a person's name. Haft not it done, and wifely caft about This way, for to prevent a bankrupt? Or done for to augment thy outward ftore; To fave thy flock, and add unto it more? For riotous living, which attends thy age, Confumes apace, and want it doth prefage. Come speak, O Youth, and be thou not unfree To let me understand how 'tis with thee. Come, call to mind what thou haft heard of late, And thereby judge of this thy present state.

YOUTH.

I do not see but my condition's good,
I have such hopes and faith in Christ's dear blood,
Though many impersections I do see,
Yet God is gracious and will pardon me:
For many failings there are in the best,
What is amiss I'll mend, and so do rest.

TRUTH.

Thy hope will fail like to a spider's web, Thy flood of considence will have its ebb, If thou prove guilty of those things which I Did unto thee fo lately fignify. Thy spots will not be like the spots of those, Which God for children to himself hath chose, And fince you are so loth for to be try'd, And left you should also some evils hide; To Conscience I'll appeal you have done wrong, To flop his mouth, and hinder him fo long: He's fo enlightened now, he can declare, As much as we at prefent need to hear, He'll fpeak the truth, and his opinion flow, And nothing will he hide, which he doth know, If unto him you will attend with care, Of other witnesses no need is there. If he, O Young Man, be but on your fide, And is your friend, you need none else provide, But if against you, and do prove your foe, With vengeance then be fure down will you go. But if you will not hear what he shall fay, He'll make you tremble in the judgement day.

Conscience, I do, i'th' name of the great king, Require you forth your evidence to bring Against this man, accuse, or set him sie, According as you find his state to be:
Stand up for Christ your dread and sov'reign Lord, And jugde for him as he doth light afford.
Be not deceiv'd by lust, a bribe to take, But judge by law, Christ's honour lies at stake.
For to speak home and loud have you forgot.
Is he converted now, or is he not?
What do you say? Your testimony give:
Is all sin dead, or doth there any live?
Is he new-born, and chang'd in ev'ry part?
Or is't in shew only, and not in heart?

CONSCIENCE.

Sir, fay no more, I am at your command, And you shall hear how things at present stand, He hath, O Truth, almost deceived me, By's late pretences unto fanctity. But having now a fresh receiv'd more light, I must declare he was a hypocrite, He's not renew'd, or truly born again, Which I to you shall clearly now explain. For, first of all, his faculty, call'd will, That is perverse, and very wicked still Though I stir up to good at every hour, Will doth oppose it with his greatest pow'r. He'll never pray in private day and night; But I must force him to't with all my might. The old man is not flain, I do espy, But has much favour shown him fecretly. Though I do force him into holes to run, Yet he doth nourish him when all is done. His love and his affections are for fin, And fo in truth they ever yet have been. He's troubled more at fin because of guilt, Than at the odium of its curfed filth. When he's abroad amongst religious men, Precise and zealous he is always then: But when amongst such who ungodly be, He fuits himfelf to their vile company. Some fins are left, which men condemn as grofs, Yet one he keeps, and hugs it very close: Lust doth bear rule, and much predominate, And he'on it doth love to ruminate. 'Tis shame and outward fear doth him restrain, Or else the act he would commit again. If he from outward blots can keep his name, That faints cann't him accuse, nor justly blame, He's He's fatisfied, and very well content,
Though to his peace I never gave consent.
Peace he oft-times doth speak unto his soul,
And scarce will suffer me him to controul.
When I sometimes do catch him in a lie,
And do reprove him for hypocrify;
Tostop my mouth he vows he will with speed
Amend what is amis, and take more heed.
And more than this of him I could relate,
And shew how you have hit his present state:
But that he will not suffer me to speak,
He blinds mine eyes, that so I might not rake
Into his heart and life, self he thereby
Meet with great shame for his iniquity.

TRUTH.

Conscience, forbear, you need not to enlarge, If you do lay thefe things unto his charge. He is undone, alas! his precious foul Is under wrath; who can enough condole His fad eftate? the Gofpel he'll profefs, But fill remains i'th' land of bitterness. Is this the faint which feemed fo precise, And did appear God's flatutes much to prize; A faint in shew, a devil in his beart, And must with devils also have a part. This day is coming, and is very near, When hypocrites shall be surprized with fear; The everlasting burning firy lake Is made more bot on purpose for his fake. But fince you are not fear'd, nor I yet gone, Before we leave him quite do you go on : Let us purfue bim fill, for who doth know What God may yet upon his spirit do? If God grant bim one drachm of faving grace, That will yet do; though 'tis a doubtful cafe,

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Whether or no God will bis grace afford To fuch as he, who thus offends the Lord. For such, whom Satan doth this way deceive, 'Tis bard to bring them truly to believe. He never was convinced thoroughly Of fin, and of bis nat'ral mifery. His loft effate be truly never faw, Nor what it is for to transgress God's law. How be's undone thereby be never knew, Nor what for fin-original was due. And as he did for fin ne'er kindly bleed. So of a Christ be never faw the need. The absolute want and great necessity Of Jesus Christ he never did espy : But on false bottoms he bas built 'tis clear ; I do conjure you therefore to declare Him utterly unclean from top to toe, And let bim underfland you are bis foe. The plague is in his head, and no place free, But in his heart it rages veh' mently. Lance bim into the quick, and make bim feel; Lay on fuch blows, as may cause him to reel.

CONSCIENCE.

Come, come, O Young Man, listen unto me, I will no longer thus deceived be. I from God's word commission have a new, To teil thee what is likely for to ensue; For all thy hopes and seeming goodly show, Thou art a wretched sinner thou dost know; Think'st shou on conscience to commit a rape, And yet God's dreadful vengeance to escape? Dar'st thou again under a new disguise, Encounter with those former enemies? You are the same I'm sure, although you have Changed your coat, poor mortals to deceive.

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Ungodly wretch, dost thou not dread my name. Who'm come once more against thee to proclaim A second war, and to declare also, God's still thy enemy and bitter soe. His sword is whet, his bow he'll also bend, To cut down those that do like thee offend. Nought he hates more than vile Hypocrisy, And from his presence, Youth, thou canst not sly.

YOUTH.

Conscience, be still, though I a sinner be, There's none doth know it now, save only thee.

CONSCIENCE.

Deceived foul! Doth none know it but I? Where's the great God, is he not also nigh? Dost think, vain Youth, the interposing cloud, From God's all-fearching eye can be a shroud? Or dost thou think God's feat is so on high, That he cannot thy inward thoughts espy? None know't but me, know' I thou not who I am ? Have I not pow'r for to accuse and damn? Should I be still, it would be a fad day, Unless thy fins were purged clean away. And whilft I speak, and thou dost stop thine ear, Nothing but war and tumults thou wilt hear. I'll never fide with thee, nor take thy part, Whilst horrid guilt remains in thy base heart. Nor would I mind thy flattery or frown, Wert thou the highest prince of great'st renown That everdid on earth a scepter sway, Before thy face I would thy evils lay. At the least fin be fure I can't connive; And therefore with me 'tis in vain to firive. For where I am an enemy indeed, I'll plague that heart until I make it bleed.

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A close and secret foe, Young Man, am I, Who am also with thee continually. Whate'er you think or speak, yea act, or do, Of it, poor foul, I very we'l do know. Thy fecret luft, and what is done i'th' night, Which thou ashamed art should come to light. I then am nigh, and know it very well, And more than this I am refolv'd to tell; I unto thee shall prove an enemy, When thou art brought into adverfity. When death and fickness comes then thou shalt fee, How thou with horror shalt amazed be. Then my black bill against thee will be large, For then against thee I will bring a charge, Which will make thy fad face like afhes look, And wound thy foul, as if a knife was struck Into thy very heart, and make thee mourn, And curse the day that ever thou wast born. I'll make thee clearly understand i'th' end, What 'tis, vile wretch, poor Conscience to offend. Hark once again, for I have more to fay, When this life's ended there's another day: Look now about thee, Youth, for there's to come The black, the dark, the dreadful day of doom. When thou doft die, I'll bite and fting thy foul, Whilst that in flames doth burn and doth condole Its damned state, for yielding unto fin, Which has alone the ruin of it been. And also when i'th' judgment-day you stand, Among the goats at Jefus Chrift's left hand, Thy dreadful state and trial for to hear, Then I against thee straightways must appear; Yea, and shall speak more plain than now I can, Because I'm clouded by the fall of man; And am by Satan often times misled, And urterly unable rendered,

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A true and right decision for to make; He fo beguiles me that I do mistake, And a wrong judgment often times retain, Till Truth fets me into the light again. But Satan then thall no more power have, The heart of any man for to deceive, I in that day thall you provoke and urge, For to confess with shame before the judge, Thy evil luft and close hypocrify, Unto thy own eternal mifery. I shall accuse thee so in that great day, Thou shalt not have one word, young man, to say, Thy inward parts fo opened then thall be, That nothing shall i'th' least be hid from me; And I before the dreadful Judge shall show, All fecret things that ever you did do ? And in your face so fiercely also fly, That you with horror shall be forc'd to cry Guilty, guilty, O Lord ! then you must hear, The dreadful fentence which no one can bear, Go, go, ye curfed, that's a word of ire, And you must down into eternal fire, Where hypocrites and unbelievers lie, Broiling in pain to all eternity. Like as the fire evermore will burn, So thou from thence shalt never more return, So shall I also then afflict thy foul, Whilft thou in scalding, fulp'rous flames dost-roll, I like a worm or ferpent then will bite, And gnaw thy foul, thou curfed hypocrite. Those inward stings which always thou wilt find Or cruel gnawings in thy tortur'd mind, Will then increase and aggravate thy woe, In such a fort there is no tongue can show. You then will think how you did me abuse, And my good counfel utterly refuse, How

How you labour'd for to put out my light, Who in God's paths would lead your feet aright, Your base delays and put offs you'll repent, In that your time fo foolifhly was spent. That you for love which unto luft you bore, Should lofe your foul, and that for evermore. To think how near you were unto falvation, Will prove another grievous aggravation. To bid fo fair for heaven, yet to miss, What greater trouble can there be than this? To fee the ship i'th' mouth o'th' haven loft, That doth, ye know, perplex the merchant moft, I'll tell you also how you wilfully Brought on your felf that treadful misery : How I did oft-times unto you declare The bitter terments which you then must bear, And what your pride and lust would bring you to If you did not resolve to let them go. Oh! Thou wilt fee that thou art quite undone, And how all hopes for ever more are gone. Thoughts of those golden seasons once you had And vainly loft, will then be very fad. Thou might'ft hadft thou improv'dthe meansof grace Beheld with faints, God's reconciled face, And enter'd paradite, where angels fing; Anthems of joy unto their heavenly KING: Thou might'ft have fung to him melodious pfalms With those whose hands shall bear triumphant palms Who with eternal Love shall ravish'd be, Reigning with CHRIST to all eternity. Heaven is a place whose glory doth excel, The thousandth part of it no tongue can tell. Man's heart, Truth fays, cann't in the least conceive What those shall have who truly do believe, Who would lose Christ and his immortal treasure, For one base lust and moment's time of pleasure? Bu

But if what's faid of Heaven will not invite thee. Then let Hell-torments with black vengeance fright thee, And make thee yield to Truth, without delays, Before God puts a period to thy days. As eye can neither fee, nor tongue express The glory which God's Saints in Heav'n posses. So there's no man which can conceive the woe That fouls, shut up in hell, do undergo. If men could number all the stars of heaven. Or count the dust with which the wind is driven, Or tell the drops of water in the feas, Or count the fands, then might a man with eafe Declare the nature of that dreadful pain, Which damned fouls for ever must sustain. But stars, nor dust, nor drops, nor fands can be Number'd by any man, neither can he Express the nature of God's dreadful ire, Which fouls lie under in eternal fire. In Hell all's darkness, not one beam of light, What greater forrow in eternal night? In Hell all's death, and yet there is no dying. Nought is there heard but a most hideous crying. Their pains end not, from it there's no exemption Their cries admit no belp, there's no redemption; Nor none to pity them, nor hear their groans, Whilst they do make their lamentable moans. The Lord, who died, will then rejoice to fee Vengeance poured forth upon those souls that be Vessels of wrath, who, for rejecting grace, Must have their portion in that doleful place: No earthly pain, nor torments can declare, The woeful anguish which the damned bear; For if those plagues could be defin'd by men. Infinite punishment 'twou'd not be then. Infinite wrath it is to fatisfy, And GOD, be fure, will justice magnify. Did'9

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Did'st thou but hear the groans and hideous cry Of souls condemned to eternity:
How it would scare and cause thy heart to ach, Did ev'ry limb of thee tremble and quake!
Think you on this, before the time does come, That God does pass on thee his final doom.

TRUTH.

What say'st thou now? how canst thou sleep in peace Until these inward gripes of Conscience cease? How can'st thou think i'th' least thy state is good, When Conscience swells and makes so great a stood? Or raises storms and tempests in thy breast, Because of sin he will not let thee rest. Come, make a search, Conscience is not mislead, The very truth before you he has spread; What will you do at death and judgment day, If Conscience thus you slight and disobey? Make peace with God, for worse will be his cries, Than if ten thousand witnesses should rife Against thy soul, 'twill be a dreadful thing, To have thy Conscience then to bite and sting.

YOUTH.

Some comfort, Truth, alas! my foul doth melt, Such gripes as these, what man has ever felt? I have some doubt my state is very nought; And that conversion is not truly wrought, My heart condemns me, and doth me represe, 'Tis thou alone which canst my grief remove.

TRUTH.

Before you have a plaister for your fore, Your wound must yet be search'd a little more: If slightly heal'd only for present ease, The remedy's as bad as the disease. Dost know what time thou didst this wound receive? Tis much worse, I sear, than you will besieve: 'Tis 'Tis deep, it stinks, yea, and 'tis venomous, And doth expose thee to God's dreadful curse. The sting or dart sticks fast too in thy liver, Which doth thy fmart and bitter pangs procure; Thy state is bad, thou hast thy mortal wound, No limb, nor any part of thee is found; If thou could'st live, and never more offend, Yet by the law thy foul is quite condemn'd. If from all actual fin you might be clear, Yet by the law you still most guilty are Of former crimes. Treafon and felony, And justice doth aloud for vengeance cry; Nor will the pardon, or reprieve give forth, To any finner living on the earth. Against thee, too, the fentence is forth gone, And the day of execution doth Ilraw on; Nought is between thee and eternal death, But some short hours of uncertain breath. Sin is fo vile, and justice so severe, That in the least 'twould not Christ Jesus spare: But justice he must fully fatisfy, Who came to be man's bleft fecurity. And fince in Christ thou hast no share nor part, See what a felf-condemned foul thou art.

YOUTH.

O cursed sin! is this my sad condition,
Truth, I believe, has made a right decision;
I have my soul deceived all along,
Though in my heart convictions oft were strong.
Ob horrid lust, and hase deceitful devil,
Is this the fruit of your sweet-pleasing evil?
And thou, salse world, what art thou now to me?
For I, alas! am ruined by thee.
O whither shall I sty? What path's untrod?
For to escape the incensed wrath of God!

re?

Will

Will none for me some secret place provide, Where I from flaming vengeance close may bide.

TRUTH.

Vain is all this, for none can find a place To hide from GOD, such is thy bitter case; If to the ends of all the earth you fly, Vengeance will you purfue with hue and cry; If you should take a sudden hasty flight, To feek some shelter in the thades of night, 'Twould also fail thee, though it should be done, For unto GOD darkness and light is one. Or if thou could'ft some solid rock espy, To hide thee from God's dreadful majesty: Can rocks, dost think, prevent, yea, or restrain The stroke of justice, and not fly in twain? There is no fea, nor shade, nor rock, nor cave, Which can from vengeance shelter thee, or fave. The sea would part, the hard'ned rock will split, Where justice aims, her fiery darts must hit. Canit thou escape? alas! what place is there To hide from him who's present ev'ry where?

YOUTH.

Ob Truth, what shail I do? how can I stand? Or bear the tortures of God's heavy hand.

My spirit may insirmities sustain,
But who can bear this inward cutting pain?

Is there no help, no salve to heal my wound?

What! no physician for me to be found?

Will tears nor prayers no help at all afford,

Watchings, fastings, nor hearing of the word?

Or if that I could live and sin no more;

O what is sin, and what's my gangrene sore?

O what's the nature of iniquity,

If nought my soul can cleanse or purify?

Rivers

Rivers of oil, muth gold, or earthly wealth, Will not redeem my foul, nor purchase health; Ah! I am lost, the cause is truely so; I am undone and know not what to do. Have you no word or comfort now for me, Oh! must I die in this extremity?

TRUTH.

Dost find thyself sick at the very heart?
And doth my searchings make thy wound to smart?
Doth sin, as sin upon thy spirit lie?
And doth its weight and burthen make thee cry?
Dost know thy wound is epidemical,
And that for thee there is no help at all,
By Law nor Levite? Dost thou see thy loss?
And thy own righteousness to be but dross?

YOUTH.

I know not what to fay, I am in doubt, Some fin is hid, which yet I can't find out, My beart is deep and very traiterous; Every day I find it worfe and worfe. I grieve for fin, and yet I am in dread, That I in fin am greatly hardened. Yet this, O Truth, I hope is wrought in me, Sin I do bate, as 'tis iniquity, I would not Christ offend, nor grieve again, Were there no hell or place of future pain, O thate we Lagainst the Lord should sin, Who has to me fo good and gracious been! Against the Lord, against the Lord alone, Have I this borrid evil often done. Ob ! I do fee that I in fin am dead, And my iniquity gone o'er my head, As a great burthen which I cannot bear, Ab! that I might of a faviour hear,

All my own righteousness I prize no more, Than sinking refuse of a common-shore.

TRUTH.

Come Youth, chear up, if this be so indeed, I tell thee then, Christ for thy soul did bleed, Glad tidings now I unto thee do bring. There's mercy for thee in the heav'nly King. Christ to appeale God's wrath did hither come, And I am sent by him to call thee home. Rise up, rise up, his blood for to apply. And thou shalt soon be healed perfectly.

YOUTH.

Ab! Could I but believe what thou doft fay Unto my foul 'twou'd be a joyful day. Alas! on me a mighty but ben lies, I cannot flir, nor power bave to rife. Can Lazarus who in the grave doth lie, Death's cruel fetters and ftrong bands untie ; Can be awake? what power bas he to frive, When dead and flinks! alas! be can't revive, Although but four days dead : bow then shall I Who have lain dead in mine iniquity, Ever fince Adam, as it plain appears, Which is indeed above five thousand years? JEHOV AH which at first my heart did make, Must by his pow'r it into pieces take? That fo he may create my beart again anew, E're good from Chrift doth to my foul accrue, Tis be must give me pow'r and will to do, And raife me up e're I can creep or go.

TRUTH.

Though that be true, yet hearken unto me, And take the council which I'll give to thee;

And thou shait find, as sure as God's above, He will thy fears and all thy doubts remove; And raise thee up out of the empty pit, And on a rock also still fet thy feet. First thing of all, which to you I commend, Be fure your Conscience don't no more offend? Do not grieve that, but always take great care In ev'ry thing, to prove yourfelt fincere, He that in morals walks not faithfully, No marvel 'tis if Chrift do pass it by. In ev'ry nation those excepted are Who walk uprightly, and the Lord do fear, Those who do follow on to know the Lord, He will to them his faving help afford. I do exhort you, in the fecond place, For to attend upon all means of grace. Do not neglect to hear God's bleffed word, But prize each feason, which the precious Lord Is pleas'd in mercy on you to bestow, For unto you much goodness there will flow. My third advice make use of speedily, Lift up your voice unto the Lord on high. Pour forth your foul to him both night and day, And you'll prevail, though he at first faid may. Though you at first may with repulses meet, Your foul yet prostrate at JEHOVAH's feet. He's full of bowels, long he can't refrain, Ere he comes forth to ease you of your pain. Thy prayers and tears, and spiritual contrition Will move his heart to fend thee a physician, Who will apply a plaister to thy wound, Which will hereafter make thee found. Christ's blood will heal, 'twill cleanse and purify, If now the same, by faith, you do apply. Such grief is thine, no med'cine will do good, Nor heal thy foul, but thy dean Saviour's blood.

The good Samaritan will caft a look. Though thou of Priest and Levite art forfook. Into thy wounds he'll put in oil and wine, The which will heal that bleeding foul of thine. O cry to God my fifter grace to fend, 'Tis she at last will prove thy special friend; If GOD is pleased but to send her down, Thy head with glory the will ftraightway crown. But here I'll advertise thee first of all. Be fure you do for the right fifter call. For there are two, and both of one firname. The one is lovely fair, the other lame. The one is common, the other chaste and pure, And will be true to thee, thou may'ft be fure. The one will dwell where fin predominates, The other loaths and it abominates, And make a thorough change where the doth dwell, And will all filth out of that heart expel? Where the doth take up her fure refting-place. Rare is the nature of true faving grace. Thy stubborn will she'll make for to submit. And thy affections change, as the thinks fit. Thy heart she can new mould and make it fost, And will bring down each high and finful thought. The old-man she will into pieces tear, She'll cut and kill, and nothing will the spare, That's opposite unto the Prince of light, She'H put the Devil to a speedy flight; She'll make him leave his strongest hold and run And quite forfake his former garrison. She'll take no pity on the old-man's age, She'll pay him off for all his wrath and rage, His curfed malice, pride, and ev'ry fin, Which of long time he has the author been. ' I is the can work upon the covetous, And change his heart to keep an open house;

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To give and to distribute of his store, To th' cloathing and refreshing of the poor. 'Tis we bring down the proud and lofty mind, Which nat'rally was to that vice inclin'd. 'Tis the can tame the wild-ftrong headed youth And make the liar always tell the truth, 'Tis she which makes the froward very meek, And the revengeful not revenge to feek; 'Tis she which quenches young-men's luftful fire, And makes them to disdain that base desire: 'Tis she will make thy foul for to defy Each Dalilab, and all hypocrify, She's like to oil and wine, that will give peace And inward joy which never more shall cease. 'Tis the must put Christ's blessed robes on thee To bring thy foul out of captivity. 'Tis the must thee adorn and beautify, To make thee levely in Christ Jesus's eye: Oh! she'll inflame thy foul to precious love To Christ alone, which none shall e'er remove. 'Tis she which ties that conjugal blest knot, Which can't be broke nor ever be forgot, 'Tis the that makes Christ and his faints but one, And makes them of his very flesh and bone: 'Tis she will help thee in this time of need, Yea, a disciple will make thee indeed: This unto thee I also must declare, Thou of this grace shalt have a part and share, Since 'twas for thee thy precious Lord did die He cann't thy foul of faving grace deny, Give him no rest till more he doth give forth For to compleat in thee the fecond birth. Be earnest with him, strive to hold him fast, And thou like Jacob wilt prevail at last, Though he at first may feem to stop his ear, Yet importunity will make him hear, Thy

To

Thy time I'm sure it is the time of love,
And thy deep wounds will make him from above,
To pity thee, and for to cast on an eye,
As thou polluted in thy blood dost lie,
Whate'er is needful unto thee he'll give,
He'll raise thee up to life, and make thee live:
Yea, manifest to thee such consolation,
As for to cloath thee with his own salvation;
Come, make a trial, and do not despair,
Look up to heaven, soul, thy help is there.

YOUTH.

Thy counsel I resolve to take with speed, If 'twas for me Christ on the cross did bleed: I will fend up a figh, a bitter groan, And earneftly implore bis gracious throne .-Most holy GOD! who dwellest in the light, Oh! what am I before thee, in thy fight, Wilt thou attend and liften to my cry? Thou know'ft my grief and where my pain doth lie; Canft thou not eafe my deeply wounded foul, Who in my blood am fore'd to lie and roll, Is there no balm in Gilead, is there none? Into dark filence then I will be gone, Where are thy bowels? Is thy mercy fled? Lord, think upon the blood Christ fejus fied; If thou can't heal my foul of all its grief, Then let me perift without all relief. Why were thy fides pierced, Lord Tefus why, Didft fuffer for thy own iniquity? There was no fin, I'm fure, nor guilt in thee That caus'd thy pains, didft thou not die for me? Didft thou not juffice fully fatisfy And pay the debt ? Must I in prison lie When restitution's made in th' highest degree ? Ob! come and fet my foul at liberty. Knock Knock off these bolts and chains, and bring me forth Out of this pit, deep mire, and bands of death. Lord, must I bleed? Did I not bled before In thy sad wounds, can justice challenge more? O shall my heart-strings break, my soul doth groan? I languish, Lord, whilst thou stand st looking on, Lord, dost thou hear the ravens when they cry? And wilt thou not my present wants supply? Wilt thou the door of mercy ne'er unlock? Lord, open unto me, now I do knock. O son of David, help; think on thy word. And unto me some mercy, Lord, afford

JESUS.

What voice is this? Who is it makes this cry? What finful wretch is in extremity? That thus implores for help, and follows me, That takes no nay, although I filent be.

YOUTH.

Lord! 'tis a poor dejected piece of earth, Which is undone, and fighs for a new birth.

JESUS.

Was I not only fent to Jacob's race? How com'st thou then to have so bold a face, To importune me, when you know full well, You are not of the stock of Israel? Come, are you not the cursed Gentile seed? Be gone from me, and further don't proceed.

YOUTH.

Ab! help dear Lord, and some compassion show, For to whom else, or whither shall I go?

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JESUS.

Is't meet that I should give to dogs that bread, With which the children should be nourished?

YOUTH.

True, Lord, that I do grant and ever shall: Yet may the dogs eat up those crumbs that fall From their own master's table, though a whelp, Lord look on me, O precious Saviour help!

JESUS.

What ailest thou poor foul? What's thy condition? Which makes thee shed these tears of sad contrition.

YOUTH.

My grief, my pain, and great extremity,
Lord, thou dost know, and all my wants dost see,
Oh! I have sin'd, and am so vile and base,
I hate myself and loath my present case.
I am a lump of filth wholly unclean,
A viler creature there has never been.
I languish, Lard, my wounds they are not small,
And I have wounded thee, that's worst of all.

IESUS.

Come, cease poor soul, what is't thou doth desire, My soul doth melt, my heart is set on fire, My bowels yearn, I cann't longer refrain From tears, as well as thee, I am in pain: Thy wounds afflict me, and thy bitter cry, Doth pierce my heart, I know thy misery, What is it soul? speak forth thy mind to me; What dost thou crave, or shall I do for thee? Come, ope thy heart to me, for I am nigh, Thy suit to grant, thy wants for to supply.

YOUTH.

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'Tis not for riches nor for pleasures here, Nor honours which by men so prized are, Nor length of days, Lord, do I seek or crave, 'Tis something else my soul doth long to have, The earth's a blaft, and all the world's a-bubbles There's nothing in't can eafe me of my trouble. Such is my flate, nought but thy bands can fave, Tis thou must raise dead Lazarus from the grave. Knock off theje bolts, and fet thy pris'ner free, And give thy grace, Lord Jefus, unto me; My fainting Spirit comfort and refresh. O spare my foul, but crucify the flesh; Compleat thy work, Lord Jefus, on my beart, And thy own righteoufness to me impart. There's nought I fee can do me any good, Save the dear merits of thy precious blood, My bleeding foul will faint away and die, If thou doft not thy blood with freed apply. How has my panting breast fent many a groan, With bitter tears unto thy gracious throne, For one fweet look, and aspect of thine eye, There's nothing else that will me satisfy? Oh! manifest thy love unto my foul, For that will cure me, and foon make me whole. My grafping foul's diffolved into tears, Whilft pleas'd with bopes, and yet poffes'd with fear's My great request, alas! is only this, Come feal thy love to me with a fweet kifs, Fer nought there is on earth, or heaven above, Which I efteem or value like thy love. A promise grant, some word to lie upon, Before my life and little hopes are gone. My foul's afraid, and trembles thou doft fee, Because I know that I unworthy be. Ah! I have made thee bleed, I am fo vile; Thy frozons I do deferve, but not one fmile. How did I grieve and put thy foul in fain, The thoughts of it doth cut my beart in twain. Thy messengers, bow did my soul refuse? And my poor Conscience wickedly abuse:

Who did receive commission from above,

Bither to clear, or sharply to reprove.

I unto Truth oft-times turn'd a deaf ear,

And unto Satan rather did adhere;

I slighted thee, and sin did I embrace,

Which makes me blush to view thy heavenly face.

If thou should'st pardon such a one as I,

And save my soul to all eternity,

And me embrace in a contract of love,

And all thy wrath for ever quite remove,

It would be grace and love beyond degree,

And such which can never expressed be:

Oh! wilt thou speak again, dear Saviour, do,

A promise, Lord, or I'll not let thee go.

JESUS.

What faith haft thou, poor foul, canst thou believe, And stedfastly my benefits receive?

Dost think that I have power, and an heart

To save, to help, to free thee from the smart?

YOUTH.

My faith, alas! is weak, O fend relief,
Lord I believe, O help my unbelief;
That precious voice which lately I did bear,
Will soon remove my doubts and all my fear.
If love, as well as pity, thou dost show,
Twill give me joy, and take away my woe.
But thou may'st, Lord, my soul commisserate,
And yet may it be in a dying state.
Over Jerusalem thou didst lament,
Who had no saving grace for to repent.
Is there in thee such bowels of compassion,
As to bestow thyself, and thy salvation,
Ou such a worm as I, whose wounded breast,
Is beavy loaded, and would fain have rest.

Obelp, dear Lord, my fainting foul will die, Without an answer from thee speedily.

JESUS.

Look upon me, and fee my love descending, 'Tis from eternity, and has no ending. Canft thou have more, my foul, thou haft my beart, Whate'er is mine, to thee will I impart. Thy scarlet fins are washed quite away. Not one of them unto thy charge I'll lay. Pull up thy drooping heart, be of good cheer, Thy fins, tho' ne'er so great, forgiven are. I able am to fave to th' uttermost, All those who do put in me all their trust. Those who do come to me, I, in no wife, Will cast them out, therefore lift up thine eyes, Behold my bands and feet, and do not doubt, For I have wash'd and cleans'd thy foul throughout; Thy debts I've paid, and quitted the old fcore, Thy former faults I'll ne'er remember more. Take up thy lodging in eternal love, What's here below, thy treasure is above. Chear up, poor heart, I tell thee thou art mine, My blood was shed to save that soul of thine. With endless joys thy foul I'll fatisfy, And in my bosom ever shalt thou lie; In my enfolded arms I now thee take, And do engage, I'll never thee forfake; In fire and in water I'll be near, And help thee thro' all grief and trouble here. Yea, I'll be with thee always to the end, And Death, at last, I'll cause to be thy friend; And make its passage also, unto thee, Only an entrance to felicity; And with great glory thou shalt crowned be, And on the throne fit also down with me. The The World, Death, nor the Devil shall remove My heart from thee, for those I truly love, I love to th' end: Ah soul! 'tis you shall lie In my own arms to all eternity.

YOUTH.

Darkness is gone, day-light begins to spring, Heav'ns melody, I find's the sweetest thing. The fun is rifen now, it is broke forth, And gloriously enlightens my dark earth; My foul is ravish'd with this joyful fight, Yea, and diffolv'd with love and true delight. My heart is melted with coelectial fire, And has obtain'd, at length, its own defire. My frozen foul must needs run down amain. Which such hot beams from Jesus doth obtain. The door is open'd, Christ hath giv'n a knock, Has made it fly, and has dissolv'd the rock; My heart, which was so hard, is made to yield, Christ has o'ercome me now, and won the field. The war is ceas'd between the Lord and I, A peace is made to all eternity. What joy is this? Ah! 'tis beyond all measure, There's nothing like to inward joy and pleasure; As was my burthen, fo I find my rest, O that was great, and this can't be express'd. Once was I blind, fenfeless, bewitch'd, nay, mad, I thought in Christ no comfort could be had: Religion was, I thought, a foolish thing, Which could no pleasure, nor no profit bring. I thought professors greatly were mislead, When I beheld what things they fuffered; But I am now convinc'd of my mistake, For I, myfelf, could for Christ Jesu's sake, Any derision or affliction bear, Such inward peace in him, and joy is there. What What man would not all earthly glory flight, For one small dram or taste of such delight? To have Christ's love, and in his bosom lie, Yields true content and fweet felicity. Oh happy me, I live, my foul's involv'd In secret raptures, fighs to be dissolv'd, And be with Christ, my home and resting-place, For to enjoy and fee him face to face; And in the interim, Lord, whilft here I flay, ... I faithfully will do what thou doft fay. And help me, Lord, thy praise for to declare, Unto all precious children far and near; O help me to lift up my voice on high, Let joyful Hallelujahs pierce the fky, And echo back again, refound on earth, Since thou haft wrought in me the fecond-birth. Let me with the coelestial angels fing, And make thy praises round the world to ring: Thou'ft brought my foul out of the lowest pit, And in the paths of Sion fet my feet; O let my tongue, my heart and life make known, The favour, Lord, which thou to me hast shown. Let not remainders of the flesh disturb My precious peace, that's new, O do thou curb, Yea, kill and crucify each evil thought, With vengeance let those rebels down be brought; And let me on the earth live all my days, Unto thy glory and transcendant praise; And then, great God, when thefe fort days are o'er, With Seraphims, I'll fing for evermore.

TRUTH.

What melody and triumph do I hear?
Whose voice is this that soundeth in mine ear?
What eagle-ey'd soul's this, that soars on high,
That with swift wings alost doth mount and fly,

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And

And in eternal love feems to lie down,
Adorn'd with grace, and ravish'd with the crown
Of inward peace, that taketh up its rest,
At Jesus Christ's sweet satisfying breast,
And breaketh forth in raptures, can't express,
As he would do his humble thankfulness?

YOUTH.

'Tis I, blest Truth, the conquest now has won, Grace has prevail'd, I am the conquered one; My grief is turn'd to joy, yea, and my night, Is also chang'd into eternal light. Thy pow'r is great, when Grace doth work with thee, Ye foon do then obtain the victory. Bleft be the day that ever thou wast fent To change my heart, and move me to repent; Dear love to thee, O Truth, I shall retain, So long as I upon the earth remain. I'll keep thee close, and hide thee in my heart, For thou more precious than rich jewels art; I'll lose my all, before I'll part from thee, So much I prize and love thy company. Though Satan flirs up foes never fo cruel. Devils nor men shall rob me of this jewel. I am refolv'd a thousand deaths to die, Before I will God's bleffed truth deny; Tho' of deceivers there's a multitude, Yet none of them shall my poor soul delude, Tho' they do me reproach, flight and contemn, I, by experience, can refute all them, Who fay thy words nought but dead letters are, Which men may burn, or into pieces tear: The outfide of the book they only fee, Who thus do fpeak reproachfully of thee; For did they but thy inward power know, They'd never speak as oftentimes they do.

But foon they would God's holy word extol, Above that light which they cry up in all. The light which Conscience unto me doth give, I'll always own fo long as I do live; For had we not God's word to light our hearts, The Heathens, who do live in foreign parts, Who never heard of Christ, might understand WW As much as any do in this our land. Alas! we should have been, unto this day, In all respects as ignorant as they. But I'll forbear, because I must with speed, Attend upon God's Truth with care and heed, To hear what he will fay; O Truth, wilt thou, Concerning me, put forth thy judgment now? Let me intreat thee, prove me thoroughly, For still I do retain a jealoufy Over my heart, because I now have seen How I deceived oftentimes have been.

TRUTH.

Conscience, to thee I once more do descend,
The controversy thou alone must end.
How is it with him now? What dost thou say?
Hast any thing unto his charge to lay?
Remember what I formerly have shown,
And let thy present thoughts with speed be known.

CONSCIENCE.

I always ready am judgment to give,
According to the light I do receive,
And never was more free than now am I,
My thoughts to fhew, your fuit I can't deny.
Oh! Sir, the case is chang'd, I am his friend,
His sweet condition I must needs commend;
Grace has subdu'd corruption in his heart,
That he's made clean, and wash'd in ev'ry part.

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My testimony you may have for truth, He's now become a very humble youth; He's truly godly, faithful and fincere, I do for him, and shall my witness bear. All kind of evil doth his foul defy, He hates, above all things, hypocrify. Will and affections now are changed quite, That in the Lord alone is his delight. There's no command of Christ, not any one, That he's convinced of, but he has done: He faithfully also the Lord obeys, Without excuses, put-offs, or delays; He grieveth most for fins that secret are. Which unto man do not i'th' least appear: He's more in substance than he is in sh w. When high'ft in joy, his heart is very low. All his own righteousness he doth disown. And does rely on Jesus Christ alone; Christ is become so precious in his fight, He's first with him i'th' morn, and last at night; He willingly has taken up the crofs, He doth account whatever is but drofs, He parts with it most freely Christ to gain, Since he has found earth's best enjoyments vain. Christ he exalts as King, i'th' highest degree, And gives each office its full dignity. Christ has in him set up his blessed throne, And over him no other King he'll own. Christ must alone in him the sceptre sway, And he will die before he will give way; Christ's right and sov'reignty, in his dear soul, He is resolv'd to suffer no controul, In things alone, which to me appertain, For fear thereby Christ's glory he should stain.

TRUTH.

Oh! happy Young Man, blessed from above, Blessed with grace, and ravish'd with the love Of thy eternal Lord, in whose sweet breast Thou now dost lie, and evermore shalt rest. Thy honour's lasting, now it can't decay. Thy treasure's sure, none can it steal away; Thy pleasures are beyond thought or conceit, And thy rare beauty-is without deceit. Thy strength, thy wisdom, nor thy youth shall sade, Nor canst thou die, thou art immortal made. Eternal life is given unto thee, And thou shalt reign to all eternity.

WICINUS.

There's none on earth that's able to express The inward peace this young men doth posses; Whilst to his joy he clearly doth espy, This bleffed concord and rare harmony, Conscience and Truth most sweetly do agree, He's free from bondage and captivity. Christ's Spirit doth with Conscience witness bear, He's born of God, and is become an heir, (With his dear Saviour) of eternal blifs: What consolation can there be like this? But whilft thus fill'd with joy and true delight, The Devils fall on him with all their might; With strong affaults, his faith for to destroy, Which much abates and mitigates his joy; Which in some measure may to you appear, By what immediately doth follow here.

DEVIL.

Hark, hark, thou cursed wretch, vengeance is mine,
And I'll repay it on that soul of thine;

In dreadful wrath I will contend with thee, If thou wilt not again submit to me; Will not my shining glory thee invite, Nor all my Hellish Fiends thy soul affright, To leave those cursed ways in which you go? Then I'll some way contrive your overthrow. Though out of your dominions I am beat, And forced am at present to retreat, Yet I'll return, like to a lion strong, And break thy bones in pieces ere't be long.

YOUTH.

Father of Lies, dost think I dread thy frown? 'Tis past thy skill to throw my glory down: Thy head is broke, thou art a beaten foe, And chained up, alas! thou canft not do According to thy wrath and curfed fpight, Christ's power's mine, who stronger is in might; Me he'il not leave, tho' tempted am by thee, Yet he knows how to help and fuccour me. What matter is't, although thou art enrag'd When the great Pow'r of Heaven is engag'd, To fide with me, and always take my part, Tho' thou a lion and a ferpent art; Yet may'ft as foon the Lord my God o'ercome, As to produce or work my final doom, So long as I do for his glory stand, And am obedient to his best command.

DEVIL.

But I have so much craft and subtilty,
That I can make the Lord thine enemy:
Tho' thou dost think he is become thy friend,
I'll by temptation move thee to offend.
Him, ere't be long, and soon you will espy,
In's anger you he'll cast off utterly,

And

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And then I'll rend and tear thee as I lift, And you shall have no power to resist.

YOUTH.

God has bestow'd on me his special grace,
That I abhor the thoughts of giving place
To thee, O Satan, though thou dost entice,
God will preserve my soul from deadly vice:
But if, through weakness, him I should offend,
In bowels he'll to me his pardon send.
Christ is my advocate, God will pass by
All sins of weakness and infirmity;
Although he use the rod, his precious love,
I'm sure from me he never will remove.

DEVIL.

Your hopes will fall, alas! black clouds will hide
Your glorious fun, your steps will quickly slide;
Your morning's bright, but soon 'twill overcast,
And all your joys will not one moment last.
Tho' Truth doth now thy present state commend,
Yet you'll find the Proverb true in th' end,
That the young Saint will an old Devil be,
You'll die and perish in apostacy.

YOUTH.

'Cause thou hast lost thy former happy state, With malice thou stirr'st up thy bitter hate, Against my soul thou shew'st thy bitter spite, But thy vile teeth are broke, thou canst not bite: Thou dost on me cast forth an envious frown, Because thou hast for ever lost thy crown; Because thy morning's turned into night, Dost think thou shalt my soul amaze and fright. With such ensnaring thoughts I thee defy, Nothing can break that blessed band and tie, Or covenant which Christ with me has made. My standing's firm, my crown can never sade.

He that has in my foul this work begun, Will finish it I'm sure, ere he has done. There's ne'er a lamb or theep of his dear fold, But he will keep, he has of them fuch hold, That in the midft of danger they shall stand, And none shall pluck them out of his strong hand. Tho' mountains shall depart, and hills remove, Yet Chrift will never change in his dear love, Nor cause his covenant of lasting peace, To be remov'd, or his sweet mercy cease; And Truth and Conscience jointly do agree, That the new-birth is truly wrought in me. Th' immortal feed I'm fure must needs bring forth A Babe Immortal, and my Heav'nly birth Doth thow to all, and clearly fignify, I cannot perish in apostacy. The head and members of one nature are, Or else Christ's body a strange monster were; As fure as he's in Heaven, fo shall I be, And reign with him to all eternity.

DEVIL.

My words, I see, no place at all can find Within the centre of thy evil mind; I'll seave thee, therefore, with my dreadful curse, Which is as bad as Hell, nay it is worse Than all the plagues of my insernal lake, And let those who love me vengeance take Upon so vile a wretch; and though I do Forsake thee now, within a day or two I'll come again, and will thy soul torment, 'Till thou of thy repentance thalt repent.

YOUTH.

O Lord, I praise thee for that glorious power, Which help's? my soul in such a needful hour,

Of strong affaults from the vile wicked one,
Thou help'st me to resist him, and he's gone.
Therefore, dear God, be pleased to instame,
My heart with grace to magnify thy name:
And when he comes again, O then he near,
And let thy Truth also for me appear.
Though I am young and weak, I shall thereby,
Not fear the assault of any enemy.
Come, speak, O Truth, wilt thou he on my side?
'Tis in thy strength I very much conside;
Though I am feeble, thou art rightly strong,
And whilst for me, there's none can do me wrong.

TRUTH.

I will, dear foul, support thee here on earth,
And save thee from the rage of Hell and Death;
I will affist thee by a mighty arm,
And keep thee day and night from hurt and harm;
And with my glitt'ring sword cut down and slay
All cursed enemies, who thee gainsay.

GRACE.

If Truth should fail, I will thy wants supply, Thou need'st not doubt of my sufficiency; Light I will be in darkness, joy in grief, And when in trouble great, I'll bring relief, If thou wilt always on my arm rely, The Devil will with speed be forc'd to fly. Never on me did any soul depend, But they obtain'd deliv'rance in the end. I'll help thy soul through all its Christian strife, And bring thee safe to everlasting life.

CONSCIENCE.

I'll be the third that will lend thee an hand, We'll all combine to make a treble band.

н

A three-

A threefold cord can't eafily broken be, I'll be a friend in thine advertity; There's not a foe on earth thou need'ft to fear, So long as I for thee my witness bear. That thou in Truth doft walk before the Lord, And that thy way doth with his word accord; The evil foe shall be ashamed quite, Whilft faithfully thou walk'ft up to thy light; And Satan can never get any ground, Whilft I declare thy tears are truly found. Chear up, poor foul, I'll feast thee constantly, And plead for thee before the enemy; My sweetest wine I'll keep also to th' end, At death I will thy foul with that befriend. God's Word, that is thy ground in ev'ry thing, His glory is thy aim, from thence doth fpring All service that thou dost towards the Lord, His Spirit therefore to thee he'll afford; That doth bear witness for thee, so do I, And will also, when that thou com'ft to die.

HYMNS

The Young Man's experiencing Conversion truly wrongbe in his foul, and that he is delivered from the power of the Tempter, breaks forth into these following Hymns of Prayer and Praifes to God.

A Mystical Hymn of Thanksgiving.

Y foul mounts up with eagle's wings, And unto thee, dear God, the fings, Since thou art on my fide; My enemies are forc'd to fly, As foon as they do thee efpy,

Thy name be glorify'd.

Thou makest rich, by making poor, By poverty add'ft to my store,

Such grace dost thou provide;

Thou wound'ft as well as thou mak'ft whole, And heal'ft by wounding of the foul,

Thy name be glorify'd.

Thou mak'ft men blind by giving fight,

And turns their darkness into night, These things can't be deny'd;

Thou cloath'ft the foul by making bare, And givest food when none is there,

Thy name be glorify'd.

Thou killest by making alive, By dying dost the foul revive,

Which none can do befide; Thou dost raise up by pulling down, And by abasing thou dost crown,

Thy name be glorify'd.

By making bitter thou mak'ft fweet, And mak'ft each crooked thing to meet

I'th foul, when thou haft try'd; The fruitless tree thou mak'st to grow, And the green tree dost overthrow. Thy name be glorify'd.

The conquered the conquest gains, By being beat the field obtains,

Which makes me therefore cry, Lord, while I live upon the earth, Since thou haft wrought the fecond birth,

Thy name be glorify'd.

Thou mak'ft men wife by coming fools, By emptying thou fill'ft their fouls,

Such grace doft thou provide; By making weary thou giv'ft reft,

That which feems worst proves for the best,

Thy name be glorify'd.

Thou art far off and also near, And not confin'd, but ev'ry where, And on the clouds doft ride;

O! thou art love, and also light, There's none can go out of thy fight,

Thy name be glorify'd.

Lord, thou art great, and also good, And fitt'st upon the mighty flood,

By whom all hearts are try'd; Though thou art Three, and art but One, And comprehended art of none, Thy name be glorify'd.

The Excellency of Peace of Conscience.

Y Conscience is become my friend, And chearfully doth speak to me, And I will to his motions bend,

Though that I should reproached be: I matter not who doth revile,

Since Conscience in my face doth smile.

My Conscience now doth give me rest, My burden's gone, my foul is free;

Again I would not be oppress'd In the old bands of mifery,

For kingdoms, nor for crowns of gold,
Nor any thing that can be told.

My Conscience doth, with precious food, Feed my poor soul continually;

Its dainties also are so good,

All finful fweets I do defy:

This banquet's lasting, 'twill supply My wants, and feast me till I die.

My Conscience doth me chearful make,
When I am much posses'd with grief,

And when I fuffer for its fake,

'T will yield me joy and sweet relief:

Though troubles rife and much increase,

I in my Conscience shall have peace.

When others to the mountains fly,

And, fore amaz'd, do trembling stand,

A place of shelter there have I,

And Conscience will lend me his hand, To lock me in the chambers fast,

'Till th' indignation's overpaft.

At death, and in the judgment day, What would men give for such a friend?

All those which do him disobey,

They'll repent, I'm sure, i'th' end: When such are forc'd to howl and cry,

My foul shall fing continually.

An Hymn upon the Six Principles of Christ's Destrine. Heb. vi. 1, 2.

Repentance is wrought in my foul,
And faith for to believe;
Whereby on Jesus I do roll,

And truly him receive.

As my dread Lord and Sovereign,

Him always to obey;

And in things over me to reign, And govern night and eay.

G 3 Christ's

Christ's baptism it is very sweet,
With laying on of hands;
My soul is brought to Jesu's seet,

In owning his commands.

Those ordinances men oppose.

And count as carnal things;

I have clos'd with, and tell'd to those, From them rare comforts spring.

My precious Lord I must obey,

Though men reproach me still; I'll do whatever Christ doth say,

On Christ alone I do rely,

Though men judge otherwise; Because I can't God's truth deny,

I am reproach'd with lies.

Let them deride, yet for Christ's fake, Resolved now am I,

In his own strength the Cross to take,

Yea, and for him to die; Before I'll ever turn my back

On him whom I do love,

For I do know I shall not lack His presence from above.

For he has promis'd to the end,

To me he will be near; And be to me a faithful friend.

Which makes me not to fear

Whatever Men or Devils do,

In fecret place defign,

He foon can them quite overthrow,

And help this foul of mine. The Refurrection of the Dead,

I constantly maintain;

When all those which lie buried, Shall rise to life again.

And

And that the judgment day will come,
When Christ, upon the Throne,
Shall pass a black eternal doom
Upon each wicked one.
But all the Saints then joyfully,
With bowels he'll embrace,
And crowns, to all eternity,
Upon their heads he'll place:
And in the kingdom shall they reign,
Prepared long before;
And also shall with Christ remain,
In bliss for evermore.

A Spiritual Hymn.

THE fun doth now begin to shine, And breaketh forth yet more and more; Mere darkness was that light of mine, Which I commended heretofore: I was involved with my fin, Had day without, but night within. My former days I did compare, Unto the fweet and lovely fpring; I thought that time it was as rare, As when the chirping birds do fing: But I was blind, I now do fee, There was no spirit, nor light in me. My fpring it was the winter time, Yet, like the midst of cold December, The fun was gone out of my clime, And also I do now remember. My heart was cold as any stone, My leaves were off, and fap was gone. God is a fun, a shield also, The glory of the world is he; True light alone from him doth flow, And he has now enlightned me;

The

The fun doth his fweet beams display, Like to the dawning of the day.

How precious is't to fee the fun,

When in the morning it doth rife,

And shineth in our horizon,

To th' clearing of the cloudy fkies! The mifty fogs, by his ftrong light,

Are vanish'd quite out of our fight. Thus doth the Lord, in my poor heart,

By his strong beams and glorious rays,

The light from darkness clearly part,

And make in me rare shining days:
Though fogs appear, and clouds do rise,
He doth expel them from mine eyes.

Were there no glorious Lamp above,

What dark confusion would be here, If God should quite the sun remove,

My foul's the world, and Christ's the fun.

If he shines not, I am undone.

In winter things hang down their head,

Until Sol's beams do them revive;

So I in fin lay buried,

'Till Jesus Christ made me alive:

Alas! my heart was ice and fnow, 'Till fun did shine, and winds did blow.

Until warm gales of Heavenly wind

Did fweetly blow, and fun did dart,

Its light in me I could not find,

No heat within my inward part;

Then blow thou wind, and shine thou fun,

To make my foul a lively one.

In nat'ral men there is a light,

Which for their fins doth them reprove,

And yet are they but in the night, And not renewed from above:

The

The Moon is given (it is clear) To guide men who in darkness are. The fun for brightness doth exceed The stars of Heaven, or the moon, Of them there is but little need, When fun doth thine towards high noon: Just so the Gospel doth excel The law God gave to Ifrael All those who do the Gospel slight, And rather have a legal guide; The fun's not rifen in their fight, And therefore 'tis that they deride Those who commend the Gospel-sun, Above the light in ev'ry one. Degrees of light they do perceive, Some of them weak, and others ftrong; That which is faving, none receive, But those who unto Christ belongs Yet doth each light ferve for the end, For which to man God did it fend.

DIVINE BREATHINGS.

An Hymn.

ET not the fun eclipsed be,

Nor any dark cloud interpose
Between thyself (dear Christ) and me,

Who art that blessed Sharon's rose:

O let that face upon me shine,

Since thou, by choice, hast made me thine,

Always let me walk in thy light,

'Till grace doth me with glory crown,

Turn not my morning into night,

Nor ever let my sun go down:

O let thy sace upon me shine,

Since by dear purchase I am thine.

Let

Let not thick fogs, O Lord, arile,
From the gross lumps of this dark earth,
To th' hiding of the glorious skies,

The thought of that's as bad as death.

O let thy face upon me thine, Since by adoption I am thine.

And my fun thine to th' perfect day, And let mine eyes have ftronger fight,

That I behold its glory may:

O let thy face before me thing

Since God, by gift, has made me thine. Lord, shine, and make my heart more sort; And temper it the seal to take;

Make it according as it ought,

Lord, do it for thy own name's fake: O let thy face upon me shine,

Since by fweet contract I am thine.

The light of thy dear countenance,

Let not, therefore, my ignorance

Darken the light of my dim eyes.

O let thy face upon me shine, Since I, by faith, am wholly thine,

O be my strength, my light, my guide Always, until I come to die;

And from thy paths ne'er let me slide, But light me to eternity:

O let thy face upon me thine,

There's many, Lord, who daily cry, Oh! who will show us any good?
'Tis in thyself, Lord, it doth lie,

Although by few 'tis understood.

O let thy face upon me shine,

For I, by conquest, now am thine.

T.ord

Inc

Lord, in the light, I thee enjoy,
And with thy Saints communion have;
No Devil can that foul deftroy,

Whom thou intendeth for to fave.

O let thy face upon me fhine,

For I can fay, Lord, thou art mine.

Let not the fun only appear

For to enlighten my dark heart; But to poor fouls, both far and near, The felf-fame glory, Lord, impart.

O let thy face upon them thine,

As it doth now, dear God, on mine.

Let light and glory fo break forth,

And darkness fly and quite be gone,

That all thy Saints upon the earth,
May in the truth be join'd in one.
O let thy face so brightly shine,

As to discover who are thine.

Let grace and knowledge now abound, And the blefs'd gospel shine so clear, That it Rome's harlot may confound,

And Popish darkness quite cashier:

O let thy face on Sion thine,

But plague those cursed foes of thine.

et France, dark Spain, and Italy,

Thy light and glory, Lord, behold;

To each adjacent country,

Do thou the Gospel plain unfold:
O let thy face upon them shine,

That all these nations may be thine, et Christendom new christ ned be, And unto thee O let them turn,

and unto thee O let them turn,
and be baptiz'd, O Christ, by thee,
With the Saint of the Holy Ore.

With the Spirit of the Holy One; O let thy face upon it shine,

That Christendom may all be thine.

And carry on thy glorious work, Victoriously in ev'ry land,

Let Tartars, and the mighty Turk
Subject themselves to thy command:

O let thy face upon them shine,

That those blind people may be thine.

And let thy brightness also go To Asia and to Africa;

Let Egypt and Affyria too,

Submit unto thy bleffed law:

O let the face upon them shine,

That those dark regions may be thine, Nay, precious God, let light extend

To China and East-India;

To thee let all the people bend, Who live in wild America.

O let thy bleffed Gospel shine,

That the blind Heathens may be thine.

Send forth thy light like to the morn, Most swiftly, Lord, O let it fly,

From Cancer unto Capricorn,

That all dark nations may efpy

Thy glorious face on them to shine, And they in Christ for to be thine.

The fulness of the Gentiles, Lord,

Bring in with speed, O let them fear.
Thy name in truth, with one accord,

Live they far off, or live they near:

O let thy face upon them shine, And let us know, Lord, who are thine.

And let also the glorious news Of thy salvation, yield relief,

Unto the fad distressed Jews,

Who hardned are in unbelief.

O let thy face upon them thine,

For Abrabam's fake, that friend of thine.

O don't forget poor Ifrael,
But let thy light and glorious rays
Cause their rare beauty to excel,
Beyond what 'twas in former days.
O cause thy face sweetly to shine,
That Jews and Gentiles may be thine,
O let all kingdoms now with speed,
And all the nations under Heaven,
From all gross darkness now be freed,
And power to thy Saints be given,
That they in glory, Lord, may shine,
According to that word of thine.



AN APPENDIX,

CONTAINING,

A DIALOGUE

BETWEEN AN

Old Apostate and a Young Professor.

APOSTATE.

HOW many straights and crosses have I met,
Since I myself to seek for Canaan set.
Red seas and wildernesses lie between,
Why venture I for what I ne'er have seen
Why can I not, where I am now, remain
Or to my old delights turn back again?
head has been perplex'd with cares and sears,
ce to these preachers I inclin'd mine ears.

They were but fancies that disturb my mind. I sought for something which I could not find. Ah! would to God in Egypt I'd remain'd, For there's no Canaan likely to be gain'd. Conscience be silent, don't disturb me more, Upon such things I will no longer pore: For back to Egypt I will now retire, Where I shall have things to my heart's desire.

DEVIL

Pursue thy purpose, thou shalt understand, What e'er I have shall be at thy command; My kingdom's large, this world is wholly mine, Bow down to me, and all shall then be thine. Afraid I was I should have lost thee quite, There's nought like that which is now in thy fight. Behold the bags of gold which thou shalt have, Honours on earth, riches and pleasures brave; When others forc'd in prisons are to lie, Thou shalt enjoy thy precious liberty. When Kings and Princes do upon them frown, Thou shalt be held in honour and renown. Thou hast much goods laid up for many years, And long shalt live, free from all cares and fears; Thy feed establish'd, too, shall be on earth, And thou shalt spend thy days in joy and mirth. Thoughts of religion, utterly difdain, Not think of God, or Jesus Christ again. Fanatick fables never more regard, The pains of Hell, of which thou oft has heard, Are nought but fictions of their crafty head, With fear of nothing are they frightened; That, madmen-like, they trample under feet, Those lovely joys, which wife men find most fweet. Religion's nought but a devised thing, Which up at first some crafty head did bring,

To awe the minds of fools, who, wanting wit, Take that for gold that's a mere counterfeit. The truth o'th Scriptures thou haft need to doubt, For divers places thou may'ft foon find out, Which inconfiftent to each other be. Of what it speaks there is no certainty. Conclude, in Truth, there is no God at all, Why thould'ft thou be fo foolish as to call On him, whom thou didft never fee or know, Unless it's thus, because that most do so. Let melancholy fancies now, therefore, Ne'er vex thy mind, nor grieve thee any more. Enjoy thyself on earth, and heap up gold, No good like that, which purse and bags do hold. Come eat and drink, to-morrow thou must die, And after that there's no eternity, As some suppose, for thou i'th' grave shall rot, And, as the beaft, be utterly forgot. But fince you know it is reproach to them, Who will religion utterly contemn; Thou may'ft religious also seem to be, For there is none that's very fit for thee. Melodious founds, sweet mirth, and notic rare, Do much affect the heart, and charms the ear; No worship on the earth doth suit so well With flesh and blood, or doth for ease excel; Or with man's int'rest doth so well agree, Like what's maintain'd in famous Italy. That, that's the worthip which for thee I pick, I'm not against thy turning Catholick.
If there's a Heaven, of this thou need'st not doubt,
An easier way for thee I can't find out. The way's fo broad, whole nations walk therein, And persons of all forts, no let is fin. Wer't thou at Rome, thou'ft hear melodious founds, Sweet joy and mirth on ev'ry fide abounds. Fine

Fine boys, and men, ravishing notes do fing, Whilft organs play in concert, and bells ring; In that brave way thoul't have thy liberty, To do fuch things as others do deny. Thou may'ft be mad, carouse and domineer, Striet Reman Catholicks fuch things can bear; If thou doft fwear, drink healths, yea, or should'it curse, There's few i'th Church will like thee'er the worle, Or if thou should'st some curious lady 'spy, Or view some pretty maid with wanton eye, To court or play, thou need'ft not fear at all, For all fuch things they venial fins do call. And one great help and remedy thoul't have, Which from all grief and danger will the fave; If it fall out, by chance, at any time, Thou fhould'st commit some great and heinous crime, There is a straight-way, the blessed absolution, A present help, and yet no superstition. For a small sum of money, soon is had A pardon, for all fins, though ne'er fo bad. His Holiness, for a few shillings, can Murder and perjury forgive to man; Nay, unto thee can grant a dispensation, To kill and murder any in a nation, Who us and th' Holy Church hate and oppose, Come, trouble not thyfelf, but ftraightway close With this fam'd Church, to whom fuch pow'rs giv'n, To ope and shut, with ease, the gates of Heaven; And make that fin to-day, that ne'er was fin, And that lawful, which lawful ne'er hath been. Come buy thee beads, and crucifix also, And as the Church believes, believe thou too. For this I hope to fee, o'er a few days, Some thousands more cleaving to those old ways. And thou wilt not such an advantage gain, As now thou may'ft with ease enough obtain.

And

And fince in kindness and affection dear, I've shew'd thee how to be preferred here, And do engage they faithful friend to be, There's fome fmall thing I'd have thee do for me, Speak evil of the way thou late wast in; Belie them all, and charge them all with fin; Their faults lay ope, let nought at all be hid, Revile, reproach, and flander in my flead; Shew how they differ, that they can't agree, There's little love, and want of charity. Of Ganaan land, raife thou an ill report, To turn them back that are a going for't. One thing at present I would have thee do, There is a friend of mine which thou dost know, Who hath a fon, which is indeed his heir, That to these foolish notions doth adhere. If he should visit thee, with speed do thou Treat with the peevish youth, I'll teach thee how To controvert the cause; my place supply, And do what I could not do formerly. His forward zeal will do my kingdom wrong, Cause others also in that way to throng; And you shall also some derision bear, Through his hot zeal, if that you han't a care.

VICINUS.

The thoughts which Satan darts into his mind, He closeth with, and fully is inclin'd His counsel for to take, whate'er become Of his poor soul, at the great day of doom. An Atheist he's become, in heart and life, And hath abandon'd all his Christian strife: He's ready now, and fit for any evil, An instrument prepared for the Devil. But since the Gentleman and he are met, I will give way, and hearken how they treat

About this youth, that has of late begun, Resolvedly to Heaven for to run. You'll hear how this Apostate will engage, To turn him from his blessed pilgrimage.

APOSTATE.

What, my old friend, E. R. Sir, I am glad To see you once again, yet I am sad, And grieved sore, to see you look so ill, What evil, Sir, I pray, has you besel? What is the cause of this your present gries? If I can give, or help you to relief, Or comfort you i'th' least, I willing am, And shall rejoice, for which I hither came.

GENT.

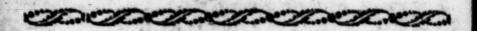
Ah, Sir! my fon, my heir, doth grieve my mind, From whom I once more comfort hop'd to find; And I'm afraid he'll prove a plague to me, Unless he can with speed recovered be. He'll be a preacher, I do think, ere long, He's such a bookish fool, and so head-strong, That I have little hopes he'll e'er be good, Here's eause of grief, it rightly understood! Ho is become so vile an Heretick, That Rome's good Church, and the true Catholick, Most vilely, I perceive, he doth disdain, And doth, forfooth, tell me he's born again. I do befeech you, Sir, do what you can, If you can't change his mind, there's not a man I think, in truth, that ever will prevail; O arm yourself therefore, and him affail: If you can turn him from these ways, then I Shall be engag'd to you until I die.
You were deceived yourfelf some time ago, And therefore now more able are to show The

The vanity of these devised ways,
And bookish sables of these silly days.
Having the scripture in our mother tongue,
Has been the ruin of us all along;
For since men did our Holy Church sorsake,
And up new notions for religion take,
Nought but consussion in the world we see,
And otherwise, in truth, 'twill never be,
Until their books i'th' fire all do burn,
And they unto the ancient Church do turn.

APOSTATE.

I am, good Sir, of that opinion too, And forry am to hear what now you do Relate to me, and will also, in truth, Do what I can to turn that filly youth; For I can fnew, and make him understand, The danger that attends on ev'ry hand. The hopes of unfeen things will him deceive, A faith's but a mere fancy; I believe That's the chief good which man doth her enjoy, And that's the evil which doth him annoy, Or doth deprive him of his joy and bliss, None but Phanaticks will deny me this; Who boast of that they never did posses; They lie, alas! and are, in truth, no lefs . Than frantick fools, for I I could never fee Of what they speak, there's any certainty : I will therefore endeavour, out of love, Your fon from these delusions to remove; And fince I do perceive he's near at hand, I'll take my leave,

Your Servant at Command.



THE PROLOGUE.

ATTEND, kind friend, read with a serious eye,
And thou shalt a sharp constitt soon espy,
Between a man quite void of godly fear,
And a dear youth, most holy and sincere.
The one affirms all godliness is vain,
The other counts it for the greatest gain.
Mark thou the end of both, and thou shalt see
What's best to chuse, Grace or Iniquity.

APOSTATE.

Well met, good Sir, from whence pray did you come?
PROFESSOR.

I am a stranger, and am trav'ling home.

APOSTATE.

Can you a stranger in this country be?

PROFESSOR.

Yea, as were all our fathers formerly.

APOSTATE.

But from whence came ye? Let's confer together.
PROFESSOR.

From Egypt, Sir.

APOSTATE.

I am a trav'ling thither.

APOSTATE.

What is your business, Sir, that thus in pain You strive against the wind with might and main? Ere farther you do go, sit down, account, See whether that you run for, will surmount The labour great, and loss you will sustain, Before the prize, in truth, ye do obtain. What

h:

What place is it to which you think to go,
That to advise you I may fully know?
For good instruction to you I'll afford,
When I this thing from you have plainly heard.

PROFESSOR.

I am for Canaan, that most holy land,
I'll travel thither as God doth command;
Whose worth and value I do know full well,
For riches it doth all things far excel:
And though all things I lose ere I come there,
'Twill all my losses, I am sure, repair:
The worth of that, therefore, for which I run,
I did account before I first begun.

APOSTATE.

Know you of certain the place is so rare, You may mistake, for you were never there?

1

r.

17

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PROFESSOR.

Ah, Sir! of it I have a glorious fight, Which doth my foul transcendently delight; Although in person there I ne'er have been, Yet I, most plain, sweet Canaan oft have seen; Besides, I lately spoke with a dear friend, Who did the other day from thence descend, and unto me its glory he did show, its precious worth, from him I came to know; ome of his fruits also to me he gave, Which makes me long till I possession have.

APOSTATE.

Is't not the fancy of thy crazy head,
have likewise of such a Ganaan read;
may be so, or so it may not be,
ne'er seem'd real truly unto me.
Tho would, for things which so uncertain are,
such losses suffer, and such labour bear?

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A bird i'th' hand's worth two i'th' lush, ye know, This zeal, poor lad, will work thy overthrow.

PROFESSOR.

You vainly talk, and live by fight and fense, I walk by Faith, which is the evidence Of things not seen here with an outward eye, What thou seest not, I clearly do espy. 'Tis not the fancy of a crazy brain, For Moses, that it's glory he might gain, All Egypt's treasures quickly did forego, Was that the way unto his overthrow? No, no, dear Sir, he saw it was the way To Peace and Honour in another day. True Peace of Conscience, that, theo' Grace, I have, Which passeth all men's knowledge to conceive; I would not be deprived of it again, If that I might ten thousand worlds obtain.

APOSTATE.

Tush, filly sool, kick Conscience quite away, Ne'er mind his motions, nor what he doth say; I stissed him, and that a good while since, And took revenge for his proud insolence. His gasping groans I no ways did regard, But let my heart against him grow so hard, That I do judge I have his business done; He's dead in truth, and to dark stence gone; That now I can, without the least controul, Have any pleasures, that delight my soul.

PROFESSOR.

Ah, Sir! go on, if that's the choice you make, I never will such cursed counsel take; Whoever doth his Conscience so abuse, Doth his dear Maker in like manner use. And tho', in you, poor Conscience now lies slain, I'th Judgment-day he will revive again; And

And then against you his sad witness bear, And in your face most ghastfully will stare, You'll have the worst at last, I grieve to see You hardened thus in your iniquity.

APOSTATE.

My forrow's gone, but thine, alas ! will double, Concerning me, thyfelf do thou not trouble; The storms and blust'ring winds are overpast, And very fafe I am arriv'd at last. In that same port where Princes do delight, For to repose and harbour day and night; Tos'd I have been upon the boistrous seas, And, till of late, ne'er could find reft nor ease; But now I'm fafely landed, and with good Shall fatisfied be, whilft thou art tofs'd i'th' flood. Thou shalt poor youth with dreadful storms be hurl'd, Whilft I shall find a very quiet world. All thy best days are gone, and plung'd thoul't be Into fad gulphs of woeful mifery: Unless thou dost recant, and stop thy course, Thoul't fee things with thee will go worfe and worfe; Those fools who do their nicer Conscience mind, Ere long they shall but little comfort find.

YOUTH.

Sir, storms and tempests do, I know attend Those who resolve poor Conscience to befriend: Paul's portion 'twas, who, from his very youth, Had kept good Conscience, and obey'd the Truth; He met with blust'ring winds, was toss'd about, Yet did bear up for Canaan most devout; Till he at last the glorious voyage made, Setting the crown which ne'er away shall fade: All those that fail'd this way, have, all along, Met with great opposition, and much wrong, from pirates, spoilers, and usurpers, who contrived have the righteous to undo. This

This terrifies me not, because that I Know 'tis the way to true felicity. The gold and precious things the merchant gains, Do quit his coft, and recompence his pains; The riches which he brings at his return, Makes him great dangers oftentimes to run. So hopes of joys, the which Caleflial are, Makes me no labour, nor no cost to spare; You are for present things, I farther see, You are for earth, but Heaven is for me. You are for pleasures, and for bags of gold, I am for that which Mofes did behold. You are for ease, whatever it doth coft, And honours here, though foul for it be loft. Who makes the wifest choice, let him declare? Let Death and Judgment shew who wife men are, My purpose I'll pursue, whate'er I meet, My portion's great, my peace no counterfeit. Heaven's my port, there's fuch a place I'm fure, Nought shall entice me, nor my soul affure To loofe my hold, I'll keep firm in my flation, Though in my way I meet with tribulation. Yet I most fafe shall there at last arrive. No Men, nor Devils ever shall deprive My foul, of that eternal dwelling-place, Such confidence I have obtain'd through grace.

APOSTATE.

If I should grant things which so doubtful are, That there's a Conaan, or a Heaven, where Sweet joys abound, beyond what's here below. Yet hard it is for any man to know The ready way, unto that seeming place, Consider this, Oh! 'tis a weighty case! For there so many ways and voices be, How thou should it find the right I do not see:

Thou art a stranger too, thou said'st be plain, Come, come, young man, turn with me back again.

YOUTH.

Nothing, dear Sir, more certain is, than this, That there's a Heaven, or Eternal Blifs. The Heathens could, by nature's light, espy Man's chiefest good, or best felicity, Must needs excel the high'st enjoyments here, And shall this doubtful unto those appear, Who have God's works most dreadfully made known, Yea, and his word, which very few, or none Who live in any land, the like have had? Shall fuch turn Atheifts? this is very fad. Is not Febovah every where made known By fearful judgments, which are daily shown? And why, think you, I can't the true way find, Seeing, in writing, Christ has left his mind In plain characters, which, whilft I observe, I, from the truth, am fure no ways to fwerve? He came from thence himself the other day, And gave directions how to find the way. This writing's firm, 'tis figned with his blood, That the Old Dragon, with his mighty flood Of Superflition, and perfecuting fire, Could not it spoil, nor gain his curs'd desire. The Holy Scripture God to us hath given, To guide our fouls in the right way to Heaven. Though Satan has made opposition strong, Yet still we have it in our mother tongue; And by this means, most plain, I came to know, The very footsteps where the flock did go.

APOSTATE.

Tho' you of Scripture feem to make your boast, Your hopes of this will suddenly be lost;

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For you arn't like the Scriptures long to have, Your fouls and others thus for to deceive; For Holy Church once more it will destroy This English God, which they seem to enjoy. Thou art unlearn'd, the Scripture dost not know, But wresteth them unto thy overthrow.

YOUTH.

They are unlearn'd, whom God has never taught, Put have in Popish darkness up been brought. They are unlearn'd, who never had the spirit, Who think they can by works falvation merit. They are unlearn'd, who foolifhly deny The Spirit's Teachings and Authority, For to excell all humane arts and science, And on man's teaching wholly have reliance. They are unlearn'd, or very poorly read, That teach Christ Jesus is a piece of bread, Which rats and mice may eat, and vomit up, And do deny the laity the cup. For those for whom Christ did his body brake, He of the cup did bid them all partake. They are unlearn'd, who think that purgatory, Can be ought elfe than a mere feigned ftory. They are unlearn'd, whose doctrine doth declare, The Church two heads doth on fits shoulders bear, That woman which hath any husband more Than only one, is a notorious whore. That man's unlearn'd, who learned never hath The A, B, C, of the true Christian Faith. That man, I grant, is wholly yet unlearn'd, Who never knew himfelf, nor yet discern'd The curfed nature of his heinous fin, Nor what estate, by nature, he is in. That man's unlearn'd, who never went to school, To learn of Christ how to become a fool. That

That man's unlearn'd, yea, and a very fot, Who hath his foul and Jefus Christ forgot, And doth efteem earth's empty vanity, Above that good, which faints in God elpy. I am unlearn'd, and yet have learned how To crucify the flesh, yea, and to bow To Jesus Christ, and for his precious sake, His yoke and burthen willingly do take, And follow him wherever he doth go, And him alone, determine for to know, Who, for my fake, upon the Crofs did die, Him I have learn'd alone to magnify, And to exalt Him, as He's Priest and King, And as my Prophet, too, in ev'ry thing. And this, through Grace, I learned have of late, To be content, whatever be my state. Some things, I must confess, I ne'er cou'd learn, Nor angways perceive, fee, or discern : I never read of Peter's triple crown, Nor that he ever wore a Popish gown. I never learn'd that he did Pope become, Or rule o'er Kings like to the Beaft at Rome. I never learnt that he kept concubines, Or ever power had to pardon fins. I never learn'd he granted dispensations To poison Kings, or Rulers of those Nations, Who were prophane, or turned Hereticks, Or did refuse the Faith of Catholicks. I never learn'd he was the Church's head, Or did forbid the clergy for to wed. I never read that he had chefts of gold, Or that great benefits by him were fold. I never read he's call'd His Holiness, Yet had as much as any Pope, I guess. I never learn'd Peter did magnify Himself above all Gods, or Gods on high;

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That

Or that upon the necks of Kings he trod, Or ever he, in cloth of gold was clad. I never read that he made laws to burn Such as were Hereticks, or would not turn To Jesus Christ, much less to murder those Who did, in Truth, Idolatry oppose. I never learn'd, nor could, unto this day, That Pope and Peter both walk'd in one way, Yea, or that they in any thing accord, Save, only, in denying of the Lord. In that they also greatly differ do, Of which I think to give a hint or two. Peter deny'd him, yet did love him dear; The Pope denies him, and doth hatred bear To him, and to all those that do him love. Who bear his Image, and are from above. Peter deny'd him, and did weep amain, The Pope denies him with the great'st disdain. Peter deny'd him, yet for him did die; The Pope, in malice, him doth crucify. Peter deny'd him thrice, and then repented, The Pope a thousand times, but ne'er relented. Peter and John no mighty scholars were, Yet few, for knowledge, might with them compare. Poor fishermen do find the way to Heaven. When scholars go aftray, who hearts have seven. The learned school-men put our Lord to death, And very few of such Christ called hath. But poor despised persons he doth call, And passeth by the high-slown Cardinal. For human learning, and fuch kind of preaching, Is nothing to the bleffed Spirit's teaching. I learning like, and grant that men may use it, Yet would I not have them for to abuse it.

APOSTATE.

Leave off these canting strains, and don't deride
Our Holy Father, for I can't abide
To hear such prating sools. Are ye so wise?
Dare you the Holy Mother-Church despise?
'Tis that religion I like best of all,
The Pope I do adore, and Cardinal.
There's pomp and riches, and a worldly glory;
What you talk of is an unpleasant story.
There's pleasure, profit, safety, and much ease,
Which doth the slesh, as well as spirit, please.
Here's Heav'n and Earth, what canst thou more desire,
Or of thy God, or any man require?
Thy way thou'st lost, and Canaan wilt not see,
Therefore, with speed, turn back again with me.
PROFESSOR.

Could I no other reason give, or urge To prove Rome's Church untrue, I can't but judge This, which you speak, doth plainly it declare, For in Christ's Church no such vain pomps appear. No worldly glory doth Christ's Church adorn, For she's afflicted, much despis'd and torn. Her beauty can't with outward eyes be feen, Her beauty and her glory are within. When John fets forth the Antichristian state, Much outward pomp, 'tis true, he doth relate. I he whore is deck'd with gold, brave flones and pearl, Who, at poor Zion do with envy fnarl. No liberty to th' flesh the Lord doth give, Saints must alone after the spirit live. No ferving God and Mammon, Sir, 'tis plain, To Hell you go, except you're born again. If you'll be Christ's, with speed then turn you must, To crucify the flesh, with all its lust. No cause have I to fear of going astray, Whilft I walk daily in the narrow way. All All those who do God's holy word contemn,
No light nor truth is there at all in them.
Their seet on the dark mountains soon will fall,
And utter ruin will o'ertake them all.
I do not sear, nor have I any doubt,
But I shall find this blessed Canann out.
To turn to Egypt with you back again,
The thoughts of it my soul doth much distain.
Dost think I'll leave my Quails, and Manna rare,
For stinking Garlick, and base Onions there?

APOSTATE.

For all your courage, Sir, I do suppose
You will repent that ever you have chose
To leave the comforts of a precious world,
And with sound zeal thus blindly to be hurl'd.
You are a man that might advanced be,
Unto great honour, state and dignity.
Your father's master of a good estate,
And you, too, are his heir, I hear of late:
And if you don't this new religion leave,
One great of him you are not like to have.

PROFESSOR.

This world, in a just balance, oft I try,
And find it lighter far than vanity.
Riches, alas! they are but bags of cares,
And honour's nought, save soul bewitching snares.
Your outward joy will turned be to sadness,
Your pleasure into pain, your wisdom madness.
You catch at nothing, 'tis at best a bubble,
Which long you cannot keep, although you double
Your diligence, and think to hold it fast,
'T will fly with speed, 'tis but an empty blast.
What frantick sit is this? Will you destroy
Your higher hopes, for such a fancy'd joy?
This world's the strumpet, like of whom I've read,
Who with sweet sumes enticeth to her bed, With

With amorous glances promises a blis, And hides destruction with a feigned kiss. She has her tricks, and her enfnaring wiles, But lodgeth Death under deceitful smiles. She hugs the foul she hates, yea, and doth prove A very Judas, where the feigns to love. Take heed, therefore, lest you be catch'd i'th' fnare, And buy your late repentance much too dear. These comforts here, which you do precious call, Each wife man fees they're vain, and flitting all. To think I should repent, no cause is there, If things by you rightly confider'd were. What Mofes chose of old, the same do I, All vain allurements I do quite defy. I knew, when first my journey I did take, I must my father's house learn to forsake. In Abraham's steps I am resolv'd to go, Whatever I exposed am unto. Whate'er I lofe, Christ will make up to me, When I, of Canaan, shall possessed be. I feek no honour here from any one, True honour comes, dear Sir, from God alone. To be an heir unto a great estate, Or fon unto fome earthly potentate, Is nought, to what, by grace, I'm born unto, My portion's great, I know not how to show. I'm heir unto that mighty King of Heaven, To me, ere long, fweet Canaan will be given. I do refolve to hold out to the end, Although I han't one groat, nor earthly friend To favour me, I never will return Until this glorious Canaan I have won.

APOSTATE.

What ground have you, my friend, for to believe, If you forfake all things, you shall receive

This

This land you fpeak of for your own possession? Unto your heart 'tis good to put this question : For divers, unto great things lay claim. Yet some, oft-times I see, and sure I am Unto fuch lands can no good title flow. Although they strive for them, as you may do., If you should sell whate'er you have for this, And yet, at last, should also of it miss, You'll see yourself, at length, then quite undone, Confider of't, and back with me return. For no good title of it can be had, 'Twas this, alas! which once did make me fad, To fave my own, I thought 'twas best for me, Unless of this I could assured be.

PROFESSOR.

Don't think you shall my zeal for Heaven cool, Nor my dear foul with fancies thus befool. Rouse up, my soul, now, in thy own defence, And flew thy clear, thy precious evidence. Can any thing be plainer here on earth, 'Twas purchas'd for me by Christ Jesu's death. The Father doth this kingdom own, and he For his own child has late adopted me; And if a child, I also am an heir, And shall with Jesus this like glory share.

APOSTATE.

How do you know you be his child? in this You may mistake, and so may Canaan miss.

PROFESSOR.

My late conversion doth most plainly prove, My inward birth is truly from above. The Truth and Conscience both agree in one, I am, thro' grace, no bastard, but a son. Those whom God doth by his own spirit lead, They are his fons, you in the Scripture read. Besides Besides all this, since I did first believe,
An earnest of this land I did receive.
And divers promises also there be,
Which bind it firmly over unto me.
Is not my title unto Heaven good,
When sign'd and seal'd to me by Christ his blood?
You see by these I have a certain ground,
And good assurance for God's kingdom found.
But you, as it appears, do quite despair,
Without all hopes of ever coming there.

APOSTATE.

Nay, stay a little, don't affirm that neither, Why may not I, as foon as you, get thither? Though in that way in which I late did walk, I was deceiv'd with many other folk, And thought that Heaven was intail'd to those, Who did the Pope and Church of Rome oppole; Thinking a man a separate must be From that same Church, or else could never see, Find, nor enjoy eternal peace and reft, And therefore I, like others, did protest Against that ancient Mother-Church, whom now I am refolv'd to own, yea, and to bow Down unto her, with all humble subjection, Thinking 'tis best for safety and protection; Refolving never more to vex my mind As I have done, for I shall sooner find, In this smooth way, affurance for salvation, Than if I had kept in my former station. Hopes I may have, no certain ground I know, The Church affirms we can attain unto. But promises most clear are made to those Who feek for the old way, and with it ciofe. And that Rome's Church can plead antiquity, No Protestant, I'm sure, can it deny : Yea,

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Yea, and must grant whatever's their profession, That none but Rome can prove their true succession, From these brave Churches, which first planted were By the Apostles, as the Acts declare; And therefore, Youth, you must no longer boast Of Faith and Considence, for you have lost Your way to Heaven, and must therefore look Upon that Church which long has been forsook. From the true Church to rend and schismatize, Is a sad thing, though many it despise:

For though corruption in the Church there be, Yet all should walk in uniformity.

PROFESSOR.

Sir, I deny your Church's constitution,
Which makes me loath you, and for your pollution,
Corruption and vile spots, they are so bad,
No Church of Christ the like hath ever had;
Which I resolve sully to make appear,
Before I'll leave you, if you please to hear.

APOSTATE.

Rome's Church was rightly gather'd, that's most clear, Saint Paul himself doth this to witness bear. Faith and Repentance truly did they own, And were baptized in due form, 'tis known. No Church in constitution right hath been, If that our Church doth i'th' least fail herein.

PROFESSOR.

Rome's Church, I grant, was true i'th' Apostles' days, But your's, from that, doth differ many ways.

Rome's Church was very famous heretofore,
But is become the scarlet-colour'd whore.

From the true faith she hath departed quite,
And the true Church was forc'd to take her flight
Into the dark and howling wilderness,
Where she lay hid, in fore and great distress.

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From the vile beaft and dragon's furious rage, And fo remain'd until this latter age. If Rome's Church now were like unto the old, Then with the Romanists we all would hold; But when the is become Christ's enemy, God, out of Babylon, doth bid us fly. If you can prove Rome's Church hath not declin'd From that Church-state by Paul himself defin'd, Then you will undertake for to do mere Than any Papist ever did before. The Jewish Church God once did own and love, But for their fins he did it quite remove Out of their fight, they're broken for their fin, With other Churches that have famous been, And yet do keep some outward form and show Of worship, and Church-state, as Rome may do. Who has, in truth, nough left fave a bare name, As hath been clearly prov'd by men of fame. If you should bring your visibility, To prove your Church is true, I do reply, A better argument I need not bring, To prove you falle, than that fame very thing; For the true Church being hid, did not appear A thousand two hundred and fixty year. And then, whereas you in the fecond place, Mention antiquity, 'tis a clear case, Your Church is under age, yea, much too young, Out of the apollacy, alas! the fprung. A bastard Church, base born, mere national, And therefore that's for you no proof all. The fleshly feed i'th' Church must not be brought, John Baptist and our Saviour both so taught. Christ's Church is gather'd by regeneration, And not as 'twas i'th' former difpensation. You, in a lineal way, do go about, To take in those whom Jesus hath shut out. The The axe is now laid to the root o'th' tree, And every one true penitent must be, And must obtain of God true faving grace, Who in his holy Church would have a place. Your Church is not fo gather'd, therefore I Deny your Church, and its antiquity. The Church which is upheld by th' carnal fword, And not by th' power of God's holy word, Is very false. And that Rome's Church is so, Not a few worthy authors plainly show. And whereas the much boafts of bolinefs, No people, doubtless, in the world have less; For Rome, like to a stinking common-shore, Receives what ev'ry one casts forth o'th' door : She's like a cage of ev'ry hateful bird, And is recorded in God's facred word. The counsel which an meient author gave, Let ev'ry foul with special care receive He that would bely live, from Rome be packing, There's all things elfe, but Godliness is lacking. She also doth doctrines of Devils hold, According as th' Apostles have foretold, In charging people to abstain from meat, Which God allowe h us freely to eat; And in denying persons for to wed, Though God admits the undefiled bed. By means of these most cursed prohibitions, Your Clergy stinks alive with gross pollutions; And many of your filthy Popes of Rome Have Sodomites and Buggerers become. Whoredom and incense they have mine'd so small, As scarce to count them any fin at all. Most curfed stews allowed are by them, Whom none i'th' Popedom dare i'th' least condemn. Vile Necromancers many of them were, Haters of God, no fin in truth, is there, But But some o'th' Popes of it have guilty been, As may, upon record, be clearly seen. Is this your Holy Head, and Rev'rend Father, Next unto Obrist supreme? Is he not, rather A Devil incarnate, the worst of mankind? Who can in hell a viler sinner find? Is Rome Christ's Church, Christ's spouse, his only love, His undefiled one, and spotless dove? Sir, don't mistake, she is that scarlet whore, Whom Yohn characterized heretofore, Which I shall full evince, and make appear, If you with patience will but lend an ear.

APOSTATE.

I find you in reproaches free enough,
But shall expect you so too in your proof.
Those common epithets of beast and whore,
Are daily flung at every body's door.
But for to warrant your severer doom,
Prove that they properly belong to Rome.

PROFESSOR.

That truth God's facred word doth well explain. That city which o'er Kings of th' earth did reign, Was that same whore, the spirit clear doth show, And that Rome was that city, all men know; Who then above all others bore the sway? Twas Rome the nations fear'd and did obey. And still you Papists to her Bishops gave Headship o'er all who on the earth do live. Before him Kings and Emp'rors must submit, That so he may the Mighty Monarch sit; Whilst abs'lute pow'r he claims, and sov'reignty, Above all Princes, by his tyranny. From whence all persons may conclude it true, by their first mark the title is his due.

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The second character of Babylon,
Is pomp and state, wherein is proudly shown,
That Rome has been a rich gay costly where,
England once found, I wish she may no more.
Infinite sums she almost squeez'd from hence,
For pardons, obijts, annates, Peter-pence.
And thro' each land where she her triumph led,
Whole swarms of locusts, Priess and Friars, were
spread.

Thefe, as the Janiffaries to the Turk, Were faithful flaves for to promote her work. Whilft, to maintain those drones, the swept away The fat and wealth of nations for their prey. In the third place, the doth men's foul enflave, This mark, in Rome, most evident we have. With dangerous vows and unwarranted traditions, Implicit faith, and thousand superstitions, Pretended miracles, apparent lies, Damnable errors, and fond fopperies. She clogs the Conscience, and, to make all well, Boafts all her dictates are infallible. And then, to fill her measure, i'th' last place, 'Tis faid, fhe would God's precious Zion raze. This can of none but Rome be understood, That drunken whore who reels in martyr's blood As I more largely now shall make appear, And then, with patience, your excuses hear. Within the compais of fix thousand years, Has been presented to the eyes and ears Of future ages, the most sad contents Of bloody tragedies, the dire events Of dreadful wars, in feveral generations, The overthrow of many fruitful nations. But all comes short of Rome's most bloody bill, Which doth the earth with fanguine volumes fill. ferusalem, that city of renown, Sack'd by Vefcafian, burnt and broken down.

It was, indeed, a dreadful defolation, And so have conquerors dealt with many a mation. All congrors ever found a time to ceafe, When once they conquer'd then they were at peace. They murder'd not, but such as would not yield To own them for their Lord, and in the field They flew them too, with weapons in their hand, For their defence, and always ready stand, To give quarter to those that it demand. But this vile ftrumpet's blood-bedabbled hands, Finds not a period, never countermands, Her cruel rage, her murthers know no end, She flaughters, when the pity doth pretend. Tears terminate not her blood-thirfty acts, She flays without examining their facts. In times of peace her treach'rous hands have fhed Blood without measure; the hath murthered, By curfed maffacres, her neighbours, when They thought themselves the most secure of men. One might fill volumes with her bloody ftory, In which the still perfits; makes it her glory T' invent strange torments to deprive the breath Of Christians, by a tedious ling'ring death. The brutish Nero, first of Tyrant-kings, From whose base root nine other tyrants springs, Whose most inhuman acts, not to their glory, Did leave the world a lamentable ftory; And, to their lasting and eternal shame, Did purchase to themselves that hateful name Of bloody monsters, in the shape of men, Whose cruel acts deserve an iron pen, That might perpetuate to after-times These Heathens cruelty, record the crimes For which those Christians willingly laid down Their earthly houses for a Heav'nly crown. L 2

Reflect a while, Sin, and but cast your eye, First on those Heathen Emp'rors cruelty. Then view the bloody Papift, and compare Their eruelties together, and as far As Egypt's darkness did exceed our light, Or midnight differs from the morning-light, So far the Papift's cruelty doth exceed The worst of Heathen Tyrants, and indeed The worlt of Tyrants fince the world began, Or fince diffention fell twix't man and man. If Cyprian and Eusebius's words be true, These persecuting Emp'rors yearly slew Millions of fouls, shedding their guiltless blood, Which ran like waters from a mighty flood. So void their hearts were of all human pity, They sparid no age, nor fex, nor town, nor city. The things wherein these Christians did offend, Were only this, they did refuse to bend Their Heaven-devoted knees, or fall before Those Idol-gods these Emp'rors did adore. They did believe one God created all. They did believe in Chrift, and down did fall Proftrate upon the earth, and daily bring Sacrifice only to that Heav'nly King. Their Emp'rors Gods these Christians did deride, This was the cause so many millions died. These Emp'rors thinking themselves engag'd, Their Idol to revenge, grew more enrag'd To see the Christians boldly to despise Their gods, and honour Christ before their eyes. They did conclude the nature of th' offence, Deferv'd no less than Death for recompence. Thus may we plainly see, a reason why, Their Heathen Emp'rors us'd fuch cruelty. Twas not because they worship'd not aright; But worship'd not all, nay, did despite Unto

Unto those Idols, which they gods did call, Affirming that they were no gods at all. . An act not to be born by flesh and blood, To have the edicts of their gods withstood. Yet, in the midft of all those tyrants rage, Serious advice a little would affuage, Their hellish fury, and would sometime cease, And give the Christians a breathing space; And when as those ten Emp'rors ceas'd to be. Then terminated all their cruelty. Three hundred years accomplish'd their fierce wrath. And then the Heathens own'd the Christian Faith. And now their Emp'rors do as much adore The God of Heav'n and Earth, as they before Had done their idols, and zealous for the Church. Give great donations, make their bishops rich. And now, proud Rome, fince Constantine the Great, Thou, by degrees, haft taken up thy feat. Puft up with riches, fwoln with fifthy pride, From God's pure laws has quickly turn'd afide. As God doth hate, and utterly refuse, And now fuch bishops only dost thou chuse; Proud, sensual, and void o'th' Holy Spirit, Such as the Lord hath faid thall not inherit Eternal glory; fuch thy bishops be, Who should be fill'd with truth and purity. Shining like lights before the flock that they The better might discern the perfect way. But now, instead of such as these, behold They are prefumptuous, proud, imperious, bold. Changing the worship that the Lord makes known. And in its flead will introduce their own. Yea, fo prefumptuous are they in their pride, As to affirm God's holy word's no guide For men to walk by; the only rule that they Do counsel men, nay, force them to obey,

Is their traditions, which they affirm to be Far more authentick than our Lord's decree. Within his holy word he hath us given, For a fure light to guide our steps to Heaven, And now these Christians whose most tender heart Dares not believe them, fearing to depart From God's directions, which in his ble(s'd word He hath fo plainly left upon record. These are the men this wicked strumpet hath So often made the objects of her wrath; Making the earth to drink the guiltless blood Of fuch, as for God's holy word have flood. Oh! let the blood-drunk earth ne'er cease to cry Unto the Heaven enthron'd Majesty, Till God take vengeance, as he did on Cain, For all the righteous Abels the hath flain. Not for denying, but henouring the Lord, Yea, for believing that his facred word Is the most perfect and the truest guide, The rule by which all doctrines should be try'd. Our bleffed Lord bids fearen them, for, faith be-They are the words that testify of me. Lo! here's the cause, behold the reason why The Where has acted to much cruelty. Inhumane murthers doth this Whore invent, Whereby the daily flays the innocent. The numbers the hath murther'd do furmount The strictest of Arithmetick's account. What country hath not tafted of the cup, That her most bloody hands have filled up? How hath the stirr'd up nations to engage Against each other, to satisfy her rage? Where millions have been brought unto the duft, Only to fatisfy the strumpet's lust; That the the better might engrois the power Of Hell into her hands, and to devour At At her blood-thirfty pleasure, such as the Could not perfuade to love idolatry. Perfidious France, whose most inhuman wrath Paffing the limits of a Christian faith, Within the space of eight and twenty days, Thy bloody hands most treacherously betrays, Ten thousand souls, and to that bloody score Adds quickly after twenty thousand more. How many murthers more that Popish nation Have done, the Romish Hist'ries make relation; And yet from cruelty Rome has not ceas'd, But, as her years, her murthers have increas'd, And fwoln to bigger numbers, in less space, As Bellarmine affirmeth to her face; Who thus attests, that from the morning light, Until the fable curtains of the night Were closely drawn, her bloody hands did flay An hundred thousand souls; Oh! let that day In characters of blood recorded be, That may remain unto eternity. O let the earth, that drinketh in the rain, That did receive the blood of all the flain; Let both the Heavens and the Earth implore The God of Heaven to confound the Whores O poor Bobemia, thou hast had a taste, When wicked Julian laid thy country wafte; Burning thy towns and villages with fire, Sparing not young, nor old, nor fon, nor fire. What multitudes numbered were thy flain, Which in the field unburied did remain! Thou found'st the wolfish Popes in ev'ry age, Contrive thy ruin, many times engage Thy neighbour nations to fixed forth thy blood. Only Bobemia faithful stood For God's pure worthip; Martin the Sixth excites. Emperors, Kings, Dukes, Barons, Earls and Knights With

With one confent to fall upon that nation, On no less terms than on their own salvation Promising also, upon that condition, To give a full and absolute remission Unto the vileft finner that e'er flood Upon the earth, that would but thed the blood Though but of one Bohemian; O rage! Not to be parallel'd in any age. Except that monfler, who did fore rebuke The over-charitable Popish Duke Of De Alva; and would you know his crime, Because that he, in fix years time, Through too much lenity, caus'd not the earth To drink more Christian blood than iffued forth From eighteen thousand souls; for this the Duke Was thought, by Papifls, worthy of rebuke. Is eighteen thousand, in fix years, so few, In the account of your blood-thirfty crew, Inhumanly to murther? yea, indeed, Because their former numbers did exceed. But if the Duke of Alva's bloody bill Come short in numbers, yet his hands did fill It up with torments, so dreadful to rehearse, As that the thought thereof would pierce A marble heart, make infidels relent, Torments that none but Devils could invent. But if all this was over-little ftill; His predecessors added to the bill For from the time that hellish inquifition Did from the Devil first receive commission. As well approved hist'ry doth relate, Till thirty years expired, had their date, By cruel torments, which they still retain, There was one hundred fifty thousand flain; And yet before they took away their breath, They for some time did make each day a death; Depriving

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Depriving them, as far as in them lay, Of all the joys that either night or day Affords mankind; for them there was not found So much fun-light as to behold the ground On which they flood; each day that giveth light Was unto them like Egypt's darkelt night. In hellish darkness thus they made them spend Their weary hours, and kindly in the end Destroyed them; the company they had Within those darksome caverns, was there sad And melancholy thoughts, their fighs and groans Their doleful lodgings were upon the stones, If noisome creatures bred and foster'd there, Those notiome creatures their companions were. What food they eat was only to fecure Their fouls alive, that so they might endure The fev'ral torments that they did provide, And fo one hundred fifty thousand died, Besides what died by persecuting hands, Within the Pope's confines, in fev'ral lands. Thus may I fooner fpend my ftrength and rears, And tire, if you regard, your eyes and ears. Than give a full and absolute relation Of all the acts of Rome's abomination. Oh! may my native country rather hear Their bloody acts, than in the least part bear Her burthen, or behold her murthering band Once more foread through the confines of our land. But I perceive these truths are dully heard, And that you little my discourse regard. APOSTATE.

Yes, yes, I hear and smile, what tragedies You make of lawful just severities. The Martyrs you applaud were rebels too, And still against authority would go; If then they suffer'd, pray who is to blame?

PROFESSOR

PROFESSOR.

That I bave flewn already, to their frame; And I would have my countrymen to take? Another tafte, that may preferve awake Their drowfy fouls, who take a dying nap. Much like deluded Sampson on the lap Of luftful Delilah, whose treach'rous breath Sends forth the messenger of Sampson's death. Let not the strumpet's sugar'd-words perfuade Thee to give credit to ber, that's ber trade, To premise fairest, when she doth intend Most faile to deal; the doth betray ber friend. Like wicked Cain, first of that sinful race, That flew his brother, Smiling in his face. From the first time that e'er the bellish rage Of Jefuites appeared on the flage, To all their parts in England, France, and Spaint, And Italy, ber bloody bands bath flain . Nine bundred thousand fouls, or thereabout Ere many years bave run their bours out. Of the Americans, by Popish Spain, In fifty years, was fifteen millions flain. The poor religious Waldenses, whose eye, Like the quick-fighted Vulture doth efpy Rome's filthy wheredom's, readily disclaim Her vile idolatry, and bate the fame; Drunk dreadful draughts of Rome's most bloody cup. Which she, with hell-bred fury poured up. And for no other cause, her bloody hands She Aretch'd abroad with bell-enraged bands, Being fent abroad, forthwith to put to death Both young and old, each man that draweth breath; And yet, as if she had not been content To murther parents, with their innocent And barmlefs babes, as if their hellifb breath Had now been Spent with putting fouls to death. Fourjoor Four score sweet babes that never did offend, Famish'd to death, their barmless lives did end. Search, fearch into the deep abyfs of bell, And fee if all the Devils can parallel So vile an act: O most imperious treason Against the King of Kings, and law of reason! Are Papifts Christians, and are these their acts To punish such as ne'er committed facts? Are those right actings, fitting gospel-times, To lay on babes the weight of highest crimes? Did Christ do thus, or bath be ever given Them leave to deal fo, with the beirs of Heaven. Those murder & fouls under the Altar lie; Crying, How long, Eternal Majesty, How long wilt be, ere thou avenge thy Saints; And lend thine ear unto their fad complaints, These Waldenses being overcome and dead, A little remnant that escaped fled, Taught by Dame Nature's moral laws, to fave Their much-destred lives, within a cave Did bide themselves, boping, at last, that they, Taking advantage of another day, When golden Titan had laid down his head Upon the pillows of the western bed, And Proferpina, lady of the night, Had drawn their fable curtains, then they might Transport themselves into some other land; And so escape out of the Hunter's band; But as the bounds that hunt the wearied bart Do ply their fleps; and never will depart The fields and meadows, or the filent wood, Till they surprise the beast; even so those blood-Devouring monflers, baving found the cave, Most barb'rously did make that place their grave; Wherein four hundred, yielding up their breath, Were, in a barb'rous manner, choak'd to death.

No Nation in the world bath ever feen A foe fo dreadful as the whore bath been. It is far better to be overcome By Turk, or Heathen, than by Christian Rome. What part of Europe now can make their boaft, And fay they have not tafted, to their coft; Of Romish mercy? some are yet alive, Whose parents felt the death she did contrive. O Germany! thy poor distress'd estate Will speak to future ages, and relate Whole volumes of her bloody murthers, and The murther'd fouls of bleeding Ireland Cry night and day for vengeance, and implore God's Heaven-enthroned Majefty e'ermore, To put a period to her Hellish power, That we may overtake ber in an bour. Those dreadful murthers have the eyes and ears Of some now living beard, and feen the tears Of foul-afflioted parents, whose fad eyes Bebeld their murther'd babes, and beard their cries, Their daughters ravish'd, and when that was done, Cruelly murther'd, and the bopeful fon, By unbeard terments, flain before their eyes, Whilft they beheld their children's miseriest Their children murther'd, and their wives defil'd. Whose bodies they ript up, being great with child; And all this while parents and bulbands were Fored to behold what flesh and blood can't bear The bare relation : What Adamant beart Won't melt, when I those dreadful things impart? Ripping up child-great women was not all, For that, although inhuman, was but small, Compar'd with other torments they endur'd, Whose patience bore what could not else be cur'd. Tearing out bowels, boiling men alive; These deaths, and worse, these monsters did contrive.

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We fee how they have dealt with ev'ry nation, And Shall we think at last to find compassion? The piteous cries of parents ne'er could move Them to extend the smallest dram of love. The tears that ran from dying infants eyes, Like plenteous howers from the weeping tkies; Whole great abundance might have made a river, Yea, all these floods of brinish fears could never Enter a Papift's heart, fo hard condens'd, So void of pity, and all humane fense. To hear the doleful shrieks and dying groans. Of poor diffressed babes, who make their moans To foul-afflicted parents, ere they part, These are the things delight a Papist's heart. To fee the dying gasps, before the death Of torrur'd fouls, whose life-forsaken breath, Had waited many a tedious hour paft, When their tormented fouls should breathe their laft. Whose dolerous fighings penetrate the skies, Those objects do delight a Papist's eyes. And can we now, at last, expect to find That Rome's grown merciful; and Papifts kind? No, no, we cannot do't, if we but fix Our ferious thoughts upon late fixty fix; When London was confum'd, that famous city, its rulers do bespeak them void of pity. By Rome's contrivance was fair London burn'd, England's metropolis to ashes turn'd. The merchants of their riches quite bereft, To-day rich man, to-morrow nothing left. Their wives and children harbourless became, Their substance all consumed in the flame. To-day this famous city's deck'd in gold, o-morrow an amazement to behold

The doleful thrieks and lamentable cries, The floods of tears that ran from weeping eyes, As true resemblances did represent The forrows that our neighbours underwent. And can we think that Hell-begotten rage, That did provoke fo many to engage In fuch an act, far worse than th' powder-treason, Can we suppose, if we consult with reason, The fury of their hellish rage expir'd, So foon as e'er that famous place was fir'd? No, no, good Sir, your pardon I presume, Those hell-enraged flames that did consume So fair a city, in fo short a space, Hell gave those flames commission down to raze Not London only, but ev'ry foul that hath A heart resolved to maintain the faith Of JESUS, protestants both great and small; Rome hath determin'd their eternal fall: And those more formal protestants, whose zeal May fecretly perfuade them to conceal Their feeming faith, and feignedly to close With Rome's erroneous doctrine, and suppose Thereby to fave their lives; let none believe Such vain perfuations, many did deceive Themselves; for Rome, that painted scarlet whore, Will deal with them as the hath done before, With fuch as hoped in the felf-fame kind. To meet with mercy, but nought less did find. Christ never gave unto his Church commission For to make laws for grievous perfecution; No putward force were there i'th' least to use Much less poor innocents for to al But burning, starving, roasting on a spit, And tauntingly to make a boaft of it.

The Holy Saints and People of the Lord, Their only weapons were God's facred word. With that bles'd fword they always overcome, And did refute all Hereticks; but Rome Makes use, ('tis plain) o'th' carnas sword and fire; 'Tis blood, 'tis blood this locust doth desire. Death without mercy, acts of cruelty, The matter must decide continually, The way they use to turn a soul from error, Is the most dreadful flesh-amazing terror Of horrid racks, whereon a man must lie, Tortur'd to death, dying, yet cannot die. Strange kind of instruments, devis'd to tear The flesh from off the bones, these sometimes were Her friendly admonitions, to reclaim Such whom the doth for Hereticks defames What maffacres hath the contriv'd by night, When nature doth to rest each man invite! When fleep has clos'd their eyes, no thoughts of harms Did them poffess, but in their folded arms Their wives and children lay, with hopes that they Through grace, might live to fee another day. Then came these murd'ring butchers, sent from bell, Nothing but blood would their vile rage repel; Laying dear babes and mothers in their gore, Till all were dead they scorned to give o'er; If these Church dealings will not bear contrition She can erect a curfed inquisition. A dreadful place of cruelty and blood, Whose torments scarcely can be understood; A loathsome dungeon, and vile stinking cell, A place of darkness, representing hell; Where nothing is to plentiful as tears And bitter fighs, and yet can find no ears M 2

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To hear their cries and lamentable moans, Nor hearts to pity them for all their groans; Where many tedious nights and days they spend, Not knowing when their fufferings will have an end. If fuch like arguments, Sir, will confute A Heretick, the Papilt may dispute With all the world, nay, Heathen Rome could never Come nigh a Papift with their best endeavour: They fcorn all Turks or Pagans (for contrival Of barb'rous cruelties) should be corrival; For inhumanites they must defy, And fcorn that Cannibals should them come nigh. A bloody Papist strives to counterfeit The plagues of Hell, as far as man's conceit Can reach unto, or Devils could invent, This is a Papift's knocking argument. Thus, thus is Rome drunk with the martyrs blood, Which has run down like to a mighty flood. Oh! it is Rome that is that scarlet whore, Which thus doth hate and persecute the poor. And all which are unto the Truth inclin'd To serve the Lord with a most perfect mind, According to the tenor of his word, All fuch the strives to put unto the fword; And fuffer none to buy, nor fell, nor live, But fuch as homage unto her would give. Upon her head also St. John did see Was writ the curfed name of blasphemy; Setting herself on God's Imperial Throne; Saying I am, befides me there is none. I have the keys of Heaven in my hand, Both Earth and Hell is at my fole command: I shut and open unto whom I please, I torment give to some, to others eafe.

Lo! thus God's facred word doth point her forth,
This, this is she, there's none in all the earth,
That ever did adventure to lay claim
To that presumptuous and blasphemous name,
As King of Heaven, Earth and Hell, but she,
Therefore Rome's Church must the vile strumpet be.

APOSTATE.

Sir, speak no more, forbear your sland'rous lies, The Holy Church such murd'rous acts defies. Do not believe all stories you do hear, 'Tis hard for you to make these things appear.

PROFESSOR.

These things were not, Sir, in a corner done, Besides, I never yet have heard of one That is for you, or standeth on your side, Who, by just proof, ever these things deny'd! For they, alas! notoriously are known, And many Papists also them do own :. Befides, 'twas late some of these cruelties, Murther and blood, and barb'rous tragedies, Were done and acted; fome alive now be, Who with their eyes these villanies did see. About the year, dear Sir, of fifty-five, A dreadful massacre did Rome contrive, Near unto France, i'th' Dukedom of Savey, Where thirty thousand souls the did destroy. Who were commanded, without all delays, Papists to turn, and that within three days; Who for refusing, were then presently Put unto death with barb'rous cruelty.

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Some with tharp spears thrust thro' the privy parts, Whilft others flabbed were unto their hearts: Some babes they cut in pieces, others they roafted, And some upon the tops of spears they toffed; Virgins were ravish'd, widows and wives, All barb'roully deprived of their lives; Some were drove forth on bitter ice and fnow, And many knock'd o'th' head as they did go. Thus were those souls brought into misery, See it at large in Moreland's Hiftory. Two hundred thousand Protestants, or more, Were massacred by this vile bloody whore In Ireland; there's many now alive Who faw what kind of deaths they did contrive By which some of their dear relations then Were tortur'd by those most bloody men, How can you, Sir, these things i'th' least deny, Which are so obvious unto every eye.

APOSTATE.

Youth, 'tis the faith of Roman Catholicks'
Thus far to deal with all vile Hereticks:
Yet 'twas rebellion too, fay what you will,
For which the church did many thousands kill.
To magistrates they disobedient were,
And therefore they just punishment did bear.

PROFESSOR.

Peter and John, they rebels were also,
By that same argument which use you do.
To magistrates they did resuse to bend,
Wherein they knew they should the Lord offend.

In civil things they always did submit, And preach'd also, 'twas a thing most fit, In things which unto man do appertain, But Christ o'er Conscience ought alone to reign. Ev'n fo these martyrs bear an upright mind, Unto their Prince, and ever were inclin'd In all just things obedient for to be, Yet did stand up for Christ his sov'reignty. And were refolv'd in matters of their faith, To worship God as Holy Scripture faith, According to that light which he doth give, Up unto which each foul on earth shall live. And the' your church doth put poor men to death, 'Twas from the Devil fuch eurs'd laws came forth. The tares with wheat shall grow unto the end, Till God is pleas'd the reapers for to fend. That 'twas from Satan, I don't doubt i'th' leaft, For he did give unto this bloody beaft His pow'r and feat, and his authority, For to effect all curfed villainy.

APOSTATE.

They were some evil persons without doubt, Who crept into the church, that work'd about. Those murd'rous deeds the church did not allow, But utterly against them doth avow.

PROFESSOR.

The filthy Pope, and evil Cardinal,
With Bishops, Monks and Friars you so call,
With fiery Jesuites, for to be brief,
In all these murd'rous acts, these were the chief.
False

False pardons, bulls, and cursed dispensations
From bloody Rome, has ruin'd many nations.
You can't the world deceive, nor hoodwink more,
Times have discovered the scarlet whore.
We know how clearly now to bring our charge,
As I could shew, but that I can't enlarge.

APOSTATE.

I know not how farther, Sir, to excuse The Holy Church, you put me in a muse; But she's more kind and gentle grown of late, And doth such cruelties defy and hate.

PROFESSOR.

Rome to a wolf may fitly be compar'd,
Who, whilst against his will, is quite debarr'd
From seeking of his prey, being tied in chains,
Seems very peaceable, though he remains
A wolf in nature, still, if ever he
At any rate can get his liberty
Doth straightway run, impatient of delay,
And cannot rest until he's got his prey.
So Rome seems kind and gentle, until she
Can find again an opportunity,
Which, with unwearied pains, and often trial,
She ever seeks, and hardly takes denial;
Which if she once obtains, she will not stay,
From shedding blood a minute of a day.

APOSTATE.

Tis a vain thing with you for to contend, And therefore I had rather make an end. 'Tis out of love I speak to have you leave Your evil errors, speedily to cleave Unto that Church, who only can decide All controversies, even to divide The truth from error, light from darkness, so That every one the ready way may go. But you feem so resolved in your mind, That little hopes alas! of you, I find. But youth, confider once again, I pray, The troubles of a now-approaching day; For fore amazements will you overtake, Unless you do your purposes forsake. If once our Church the day obtains, be fure, You Hereticks must down, and rise no more. Let former strokes of justice take such place, As for to move you wifely to embrace That counsel, which in tender love I give, That you in fafety evermore may live; Or you'll repent that ever you begun, These dang'rous ways of Herefy to run. 'Tis a dark, doleful, dang'rous path you go, Recant, therefore, as many others do.

PROFESSOR.

You may mistake, sometimes the waters slow, Yet on a sudden I observe them low. A Haman may maliciously devise Poor Mordecai, and others to surprize;

Yet may his purpoles meet with a blaft, And he himfelf be hanged too at laft. The flesh, with all its lusts, to mortify; Is hard to those that love iniquity The way to Papifts wholly is untrod; And unto all who haters are of God. The way feems dark to you, untrod; uneven; Hard 'tis to th' flesh, yet 'tis the way to Heaven. 'Tis dark to you; because that you are blind, And can't God's purpose in dark sootsteps find. I've a fure hand to lead my trampling paces; To 'scape the danger of those dang'rous spaces. I shall pass safe, by means of my best guide, Though thousands fall by me on evry fide. For to turn back would prove a doleful faulty I think upon the monument of falt. I am refolv'd a thousand deaths to dies Before I'll ever yield to Popery.

APOSTATE.

Thou art too strict, too rightcous and precise,
Thou slight'st such things which prudent men do
prize;
Thou may'st have Christ, pleasure and honours

And faved be; without half this ado.
There's very few, alas! are of your mind,
Who unto Rome are not at all inclin'd.

PROFESSOR.

You now condemn me for my holy life, Wherein, 'tis true, I meet with straits and strife; But But when, dear Sir, you come at length to die; You'll blame yourself; and me you'll justify. Did ever any on a dying bed; Lament that they were by God's Spirit led To crucify their fins, and undertake All things to leave for the Lord Jefus's fake? If righteous ones, alas! scarce faved are, It greatly doth behove me to take care. In holiness to walk, whate'er you fay, I from the paths of life will never ftray. The way I know is rough, 'tis hard and strait; And leads me also through a thorny gate, Whose scratching pricks are very sharp, and fell, The way to Heav'n is by the gates of Hell. Your way, 'tis true, feems very fmooth and wide Since you; from Christ, have lately turn'd aside. My paths feem long, your's short and very fair, Free from all rubs and snares, yet, Sir, beware, The fafest path is not always most even, The way to Hell's like to a feeming Heaven. Or shall the promis'd crown of endless life Be judg'd a trifle, and not worth a strife? That which vain man accounts to be most rare. Is not obtain'd, but with much cost and care; Things of great worth on earth are got by pains; And he who ventures nothing, nothing gains. And shall I then be startled with a frown, When full affur'd of an eternal crown? The strife which doth an holy life attenda Will recompensed be, I'm fure, i'th' end. I will go on, fince Jefus doth invite me, Mis frength is mine, and nothing shall affright me.

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APOSTATE.

I do perceive you are resolv'd to run
In your strict ways, until you're quite undone;
Yet hear a little what I have to speak,
And you will find 'tis bett for you to take.
The counsel which I give; for you'll espy
Great ruins fall upon you suddenly,
Your father will not own you for his son,
If in this soolish strictness you'll go on;
His face expect hereafter not to see,
If this your purpose and your pleasure be,

PROFESSOR.

Forfake me quite; yet still I well do know.
My precious Saviour will my foul embrace,
And I shall see sweet smiles from his dear face
Myself, and my relations all, though dear,
I do deny, such is the love I bear
To my dear Lord, whose servant now am I,
And do resolve to be, until I die.
Come life, come death, for Canaan I'll endeavour,
It is my home and resting-place for ever.
Better it is that earthly friends abuse me,
Than that Christ Jetus should at last resuse me;
I'd rather bear my father's wrath and ire,
Than to be cast into eternal fire.

APOSTATE.

Fie, fie, young man, forbear and take advice, Let not hot zeal thy fancy thus entice

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For to refuse those pleasant things which you May here enjoy, as many others do:
'Tis much too soon for thee to mind such things, For nought but grief and dotage from it springs;
'Twill dull thy wit, and make thee like a drone, And thoul't be slighted too by every one.
How might'st thou live at ease, and pleasure have, If once these ways thou would'st resolve to leave;
And, like a flower, flourish in the spring,
And, with young gallants, might'st rejoice and sing.

And spend thy days in pleasures sweet and rare, I prythee, youth, consider, O take care. To cheer thy heart, behold now in thy sight, What earthly joys most sweetly do invite.

PROFESSOR.

Young, it is true I am, and in my prime, Therefore refolve for to improve my time; The flower of my days, doft think I will Give to the Devil, lust for to fulfii? Shall Satan have the primeft of my days. And put off Christ with base and vile delays, Until old-age, and then, at last, present The dregs of time to him!? I'll not confent, To fuch vile thoughts I will not lend an ear, I, to my Saviour, more affection bear. Since first of th' living spring my soul did drink, All finful pleasures in my nose did stink. More precious joy I find in my dear Lord, Than all this world doth, yea, or can afford. If I am flighted for Christ Jesus sake, And judg'd a fool or drone, yet can I take

All for him, who for me hath undergone More shame than this, before his work was done.

This is my choofing-time, I have made choice, God's word I will obey, and hear his voice. God's counsel 'tis, that, first of all, in youth I should him seek, and cleave unto the truth. Your counsel I abhor, shall lustful fire Be kindled in my breast? Shall my desire Run out again to Egypt's cursed stuff? I know 'tis naught, of it I have enough.

APOSTATE.

Alas! the journey's long, you'll wearied be, And faint, before that kingdom you do see.

PROFESSOR.

Nay, Sir, be filent, that is false, for I, By faith, most clearly do the land espy:
But, is the journey long? blame me no more, Betimes i'th' morning I set out therefore.
Why didst thou say it was too soon for me
For to set out, if long the journey be?
I do resolve, in youth, with speed to strive,
Lest I too late, at last, should there arrive.
While strength and youth do last, I'll bend my
mind

To travel hard, because I crearly find Old age and limbs quite out of case To go a journey, or to run a race. Alas! when night is ready to come in, That's not a time this journey to begin :

When

When fun, and moon, and stars, all dark'ned be,
And clouds return, that we no light can see;
When rain and tempests do most fore appear,
And th' keepers of the house all trembling are;
When the strong men themselves are forc'd to
bow,

And grinders cease also, because that now
They are but few, and ready to fall out,
And those through windows which do look
about,

Are become dim, nay, dark'ned without light,
And doors too, in the street, are shut up quite;
When the low sound o'th' grinders scarcely heard,
He riseth up too at the voice o'th' bird;
And all the daughters of sweet musick rare
Are brought too low, don't for such musick
care;

And fears increase in thoughts of what's on high. Fears in the way, and fears for what is nigh: When flourish shall the almond-tree also, And the grashopper thall be a burden too; When loofed is the precious filver cord, And golden bowl is broken, as we'ave heard; When the weak pitcher at the fountain's broke, And th' wheel at th' ciftern, with a heavy stroke; When defire fails, and there, alas! is none, What will fuch do, who han't this race begun? Besides, 'tis clear, my days uncertain be, Old age, alas! I may not live to fee. Young-men are quickly gone, for I behold Daily, as young as I are turn'd to mould. My own experience doth discover this, My life a bubble and a vapour is. The The flower which doth spread, and is so gay, Soon may it sade, and wither quite away. If I therefore have still much work to do, Or, as you say, so long a way to go; It doth concern me, then, with all my power, For to improve each day, yea, ev'ry hour; For days to come, I see, may not be mine, My time I'll spend, not as thou spendest thine. My weights I'll cast away, this race to run, Stand still I must not, nor with thee return; I must provide my oil, get grace in store, For, ere a while, I shall be seen no more This side the grave; I haste therefore to meet The glorious Judge, at the great Judgment-seat; I must make haste, be swift, like to the sun. Lest that my work's to do, when time is done.

APOSTATE.

To you, young man, I have declared much Of the fad danger; but your zeal is such, Nought that I say with you takes any place, You don't believe me, that's the very case. But what's the reason, youth, so many folk Decline those paths in which you now do walk? Were ways of your strict holiness so sweet, They in this fort would never back retreat: I did resolve, with others, for to try, And find you all deceived utterly.

Your whole religion's nought but mere conceit, Let none, therefore, thy soul, with fancies cheat.

Since

Since wise-men daily do your ways forsake, Be thou advis'd, and other counsel take.

PROFESSOR.

If thousands fall away, it is no more Than what the Scriptures shews was heretofore. Thousands of old from Egypt did adventure, And yet but two of them did Canaan enter; They never had of Christ a faving taste, Who quite away their feetning hopes do cast; Their hearts, alas! are rotten and unfound, Who in Christ Jesus never sweetness found. But what of this? Shall I my Lord deny, Because that you some hypocrites espy? Those who do murmur in the wilderness, The Land of Promise never shall possess. But if they will the precious Lord revoke, Shall I from thence refolve to flip the yoke? Because they don't the glorious Lord believe, Shall Caleb think the land he can't receive? Because so many walk'd i'th' way to hell, Shall I conclude that Heaven don't excel The vain enjoyments of an evil world? Or shall with fancies thus my foul be hurl'd? Because that Judas did for thirty pence, Sell his dear Lord, thall I conclude from thence. Peter, a fool, who priz'd his Saviour fo, That for his fake all things he'd undergo. If fearful foldiers basely quit the field, Shall valiant champions, therefore, straightway vield N 3 Moft

Most cowardly unto their treach'rous foe, Whom they affured were to overthrow. If mariners, unskill'd in navigation, Are split on rocks, shall all then in the nation That have that curious art, resolve, therefore, Never to use the art of failing more? Because the fluggard sees the winds do blow, The rain descending, with cold hail and snow, He doth give o'er, and faith no longer will Remain i'th' field, his barren land to till : Shall faithful hufbandmen, from the like ground, Who have oft-times, by good experience, found, Without they fow, no harvest they can have, Resolve the painful labours quite to leave? He that won't plow, because o'th' snow or rain. Shall beg at harvest, and shall nought obtain. So, in like fort, to mind my present case, 'Cause Reason's void of God's true saving Grace, Apostatize, as you yourself have done, Must I to th' Devil headlong with you run? 'Cause some professors secretly do love Some base corruptions, doth this, therefore, prove,

There's none sincere for God in all the earth, Whose souls do not experience the second birth? I, for my part, through grace, have this to say, I never shall, nor can I, sall away. All those whom God has unto Jesus given, They never can be disposses'd of Heaven; The promise of Eternal Life is theirs, And they, like Isaac, even so are heirs, Who could not mis, nor dispossessed be, Unless God's Words made a mere nullity.

God's

God's Covenant also, with Christ, doth stand, Who can supply our wants on ev'ry hand; Sin shall not reign, such is our happy case, We are not under the law, but under grace. This covenant is not like to the old, We of a surer person now have hold. We stand not now as Adam did, 'tis plain, God never will trust that old man again. Our credit's nothing worth, our surety Is in our room, our wants he must supply. Besides all this, I'll hint another thing, Which, to my soul, doth much refreshment

Which, to my foul, doth much refreshmen

He that's the author of my faith, I 'fpy, Will finish it himself affuredly. He that in me has a good work begun, Will perfect it also, ere he has done. Within God's Saints eternal life doth dwell, This would remove the doubt, consider'd well; Those unto whom eternal life is given, How can it be that such should miss of Heaven? And, now to 'breviate, 'tis my intent, Sir, if you please, to frame one argument. If the new creature, in the fouls of men, Is of God's Spirit born, I argue then, The fame in nature it must furely be, Which cannot death, or like mutation fee; But that 'tis of God's Spirit born, is clear, As John the Third doth make most plain appear. The feed also doth in their souls remain, They cannot fin to death who're born again; God's fear, moreover, is so in their heart, That they from him shall never more depart. Thus Thus is my standing very firm and sure,
And to the end I know I shall endure:
And as for those who fall away and die,
I shall discover clearly by and by,
What kind of men and women they are all,
Which will hold forth the cause too of their fall.

APOSTATE.

Most consident I do perceive you are,
Daunted at nothing, yet, pray let me hear
Those persons names which you did lastly meet,
Who finally resolve for to retreat,
And leave those paths which you seem to commend;
Come, speak to this, and we will make an end.

PROFESSOR.

Sir, unto me it doth most plain appear,
As if they cowards, and faint-hearted were;
Under their tongues also, close, secretly,
Some pleasant morsels I am sure do lie;
And in them all doth reign some cursed evil,
Which makes them to conform unto the Devil.

APOSTATE.

As you suppose, but pray youth have a care, For they sincere and sober people are; And I do question whether, yea or nay, Thou dost them know, what further hast to say?

PROFESSOR.

I told you, Sir, I knew them very well,
And fince you urge me, I resolve to tell
What kind of folk they are, and also shall
Their names discover unto great and small.
Master Fearful was one that I did see,
With him was goody Sensuality;
With my dame Misbelief, and goodman Outside,
Who turn'd from Christ as soon as they were
try'd;

One Unbelief, a very wicked man,
Turn him out of his way there's no one can.
Besides them also, there's one Earthly Heart,
Who nothing loves so well as plow and cart:
Also there's Esau Faint-beart, most profane,
Who sells his birth-right pottage to obtain;
With Belly-God, a man whom I do sind,
Flesh pots and onions he doth chiefly mind:
There's mistress Discontent too, with the rest,
Who would have nought but what she liketh
best:

Master Hot-love, soon cold, also was there, Lately, for zeal, sew could with him compare; There's Ishmael Legal-beart, in truth also, When troubles rise, he straight away doth go, With master Baalam, who doth Jesus leave, The wages of unrighteousness to have. Some people also I have lately met, Who were with sin most easily beset;

nd

And

And divers heavy weights they also bore, Which wearied them, and made them to give o'er.

A gentleman I also did behold, Whose trade was great, and store he had of gold ;

He's going back with forrow, I do know, Because he can't have Christ and the world too. One master Atheist, that I think's his name, As like yourfelf, as if he were the same; He's fallen back fo far, and turn'd afide, That at religion he doth much deride; He thinks religion's but a foolish thing, Which doth no comfort, nor no profit bring. This is too true, you also are the man, To clear yourself, deny it if you can. No marvel 'tis you play the Devil's part, In lab'ring thus for to deceive my heart, And blind mine eyes, if that thou knewest how, Thoud'st make me like thyself, and therefore now

I am resolv'd with thee for to engage, Who striv'd to stop me in my pilgrimage.

A foe, more vile than you, what soul can meet ?

I'll therefore bring you down unto my feet. Some stones I think to fetch out of God's Book. Though like Goliab you do feem to look; Yet in his name, whom you so much defy, I shall prevail against you by and by. I thought, I must confess, some years ago, I should not, in the least, been stopp'd by you, Or that I should have met with opposition From such a foe, to add to my affliction.

Bu

But fince this is my fad unhappy fate,
I'll add a line or two to vindicate
The dreadful God; fo far as lies in me,
I'll vindicate that Glorious Deity,
Who in my foul has fo his image fet,
That I his glorious being can't forget.
Shall he, which form'd both Heaven and the earth.

From whom I have my precious life and birth, Be trod upon, nay, utterly deny'd? What foul can such a sinful wretch abide? Who strives at once, if that you could it do, The life of all religion to o'erthrow. Hast thou got ought to speak, and wilt thou

enter

On the debate? Yea, durst thou to adventure To ope thy mouth i'th' least, for to defend Those thoughts of thine, which clearly do descend From Hell beneath? thoul't prove thyself thereby, The Devil's friend, Jebevah's enemy.

APOSTATE.

Thou childish lad, dost think I am afraid
For to deceive myself, or am dismay'd
By filly dreams and fancies, which affright
Those simple ones, who dare not walk i'th' night;
Who startle at the shadow which they see,
And think the Devil's near, when 'tis a tree?
And since I do perceive you understand
What my opinion is, I do demand
How you can prove and fully make appear,
There is a God, for none at all I fear.

No God nor Devil I at all believe, Nor is there any Heaven to receive The fouls of holy men, when they do die, Nor is there any Hell of misery For finners, after death, as you conceit, All is nought else but a religious cheat.

PROFESSOR.

Dare you your Maker, thus with impudence
Deny and tread upon? fuch infolence
What foul can bear! what age can shew the like!
Where so much light hath been seen, shall mortals
ftrike

At the great God, and glorious Deity, Whose dreadful being and existency The Heathens did find out, and greatly fear, His God-head did to them most plain appear By the creation; man, as in a glass, May there behold who his Creator was, 'Tis time to arm myfelf, and look about, When, by an Atheift, I am challeng'd out; When th' whole of all religion lies at stake. 'Tis time to rouze, and also for to shake Off floth and idleness, and to engage With fuch a foe, in this my pilgrimage. If once I should unto an Atheist yield, And treach'roully acquit the field, The strongest hold of truth betray should I. Into the hands of its worst enemy; And should un-man myself of Christian too. And my dear foul of reason overthrow. I should I should debase myself, should I deny
My noble birth from the great Deity.
Man's chiefest glory springs from supreme head,
In his descent from him, who made and bred,
And brought him forth, and doth his life maintain,

From hence man doth his chiefest honour gain.
'Tis Pow'r Divine that man doth greaten thus,
As to create him King o'th' Universe.
Whoe'er disowns his blessed pedigree,
Does prove himself unnatural to be,
For man to say he came by hap or chance,
As 'tis a piece of wilful ignorance;
Himself also he doth depose thereby,
From his own honour and rare dignity;
And vile contempt upon himself doth bring,
As well as dirt upon that essence sling,
Who form'd his soul, and gave to him his breath.

And made him ruler here upon the earth.
But to proceed and lend my helping hand,
In the defence of facred truth to stand,
And vindicate my great Creator's cause,
By nature's light, and also by those laws
Which supernat'ral are, and most divine,
Whose light excels, yea, and whose glories shine.
You ask me how I can make it appear
There is a God, attend, and now give ear,
And weigh my arguments and reasons sound,
And let not Satan more your soul consound,
And reason quite destroy, as he has done,
Lest to the Devil you do headlong run.

APOSTATE.

Before you do proceed, thus you must know, If you a God do think to prove, or show; Be sure of this, young man, it must not be By Scripture-proof, for its authority I do deny, and cannot it believe, You never shall that way my heart deceive; The knowledge which you supernat'ral call, Is a mere cheat, I mind it not at all.

PROFESSOR.

Though supernat'ral knowledge you despise, And count God's Holy Word to be but lies; I briefly shall stand up in its desence, And shew your pride and cursed insolence, That all may love God's word, prize it and see Its worth and weight, and its authority. To be divine, and by Jehovab given, To lead poor souls in the right way to Heaven; One thing of you, i'th' first place, I demand, Pray let me know, and fully understand When this supposed cheat did first commence, And in what part o'th world, bring evidence. Egypt stands mute, saith, it commenced not here, Nor did the Jews invent it, that's as clear. Ask all the Heathens too, in ev'ry age, If their philosophers brought it on the stage. It you can find it out, pray bring't to light, Or else consess your darkness worse than night.

Tis strange that such an universal cheat
Should thus be put upon the world, and yet
No one can see who did the same devise,
Nor how, nor when, the same at first did rise:
Since all the world stands silent and is mute,
This might a period put to the dispute.
But, secondly, I argue once again,
There's none of them who do so much dissain
The Holy Scriptures, who just proof could bring.

To shew i'th' least they were a forged thing.

If none can them disprove, O then, say I,

What ground have you the scriptures to deny?

The scriptures also, I observe, have been

Strangely preserved, by a pow'r unseen:

In ev'ry age, kept both in word and sense,

From secret fraud, and open violence,

Against the num'rous armies of all those

That were both secret, yea, and open soes.

No wicked or malicious man could ever

Subvert the scripture, though they did endea
vour.

The beaftly clergy of the Church of Rome, Through whose hands the scripture to us

Though guilty of most vile abomination,
As ever was committed in a nation;
Their cursed sins are hateful to relate,
Which they committed, and did tolerate;
And that they might more freely do the same,
And so be kept from sad reproach and shame,
They say the Pope himself may change the laws
Of th' Holy Gospel, as himself sees cause;

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And make the fense of scriptures to agree, With time and place, as he most fit doth see. How free those facrilegious monsters were, Had God permitted, to extinguish clear The facred scripture, and put out their light, And fill'd the world with an eternal night. But we may fee, although it made its way Through those muddy channels, yet have they Been still kept pure, and still remain a law To keep most men, fave bloody Popes, in awe. Now, if against so many enemies, Who us'd all means the Devils could devise T' obliterate that foul-informing word, It was preferv'd, but not by human fword. How dare you, Sir, presume for to deny Its bleffed and divine authority? Another ground or reason I shall urge, Which proves God's Words Divine, as I do judge,

Tis taken from that influence they have Upon their hearts, whom God intends to fave; It turns them from that curfed way of fin, Which once they loved and delighted in. It brings them out of darkness into light, Yea, and discovers Jesus to their fight, Filling their souls with inward life and peace, And precious joy, the which shall never cease. The glorious power which God did afford, Always to those which stood up for his word, Most clearly shews, methinks, to ev'ry eye, The Scripture's true, and their authority To be Divine, whatever you may say, I cannot give this argument away.

How

How they have been supported in the flames, Which, as it did perpetuate their names, So God thereby did stir up ten for one, To stand up for his word, when they were gone.

Ah! How did they rejoice, Sir, in the fire? Which made their very enemies admire. Would'ft thou one instance have, I could give

And ten times twenty more, if that would do;
But if I should, I'm sure I should transgress,
And overcharge th' appendix and the press;
And therefore I will add one reason more,
To prove God's word divine, and so give o'er.
How has the scripture made the atheist quake,
And all his limbs with dreadful horror shake!
When on a death-bed they have come to lie,
Their Conscience waking, in their face did sty:
Though, in their health, they did it much
despise,

And did affirm it was made up with lies;
Yet has it made them howl, at last, and cry,
We are undone to all eternity.
'Twas like unto the writing on the wall,
Which did foretel profane Belshazzar's fall;
Which was so terrible, yea, and so strange,
It wrought amongst them a most sudden change.
Their mirth and jollity doth now expire,
And the proud King doth earnestly desire,
To hear it read, nought then will serve the turn
But an interpreter; his heart did burn,
His trembling knees smote one against another,
As if his joints were loosed from each other.

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Thus those who won't confess Jebovah's name, Are forc'd to own him, to their utter shame; And those who will not of God's word allow, Are forc'd, by Conscience, under it to bow. These things weigh'd, may make you quite give o'er.

Yea, and God's word thus to oppose no more.

Now, if the scripture cannot be gain-said,
Methinks each soul should be exceeding 'fraid.

How they contemn that glorious Deity,
Whom they so clearly shew and magnify.

But to leave this a little, and descend
To man's own reason, which you so commend,
How many Heathens did alone thereby
Find out, dear Sir, God's glorious Majesty?

If you your reason did but exercise,
From atheism, doubtless, you might rise,
And hate also this soul destroying evil,
Thus siding with, and yielding to the Devil.

APOSTATE.

Among the Heathens, youth, were men of fame,
Who, for their skill in nature, had the name
Above all others, which did quite deny
There was a God, or such a Deity.

PROFESSOR.

Your Epicurus, and old Aristotle, With Theodorus, Bion, and the rabble,

And such like Atheists, I must grant to you, Deny'd there was a God, as stories shew. Philosophy is good, but men abuse it, When they, like those old Heathen Authors, use it.

God doth sometimes men's reason darken quite, For not improving of the means of light; And to their vile affections doth them give, Because, on earth, like brutes, they seem to live. But the' these nat'ral fots could not espy, By all their skill, th' Eternal Deity; Yet many thousand Heathens I must show By nature's light alone, did come to know There was a God, that searched so about Into God's works, they found his God-head out: For when they gave themselves up seriously To fludy nature's book, and come to pry Into the cause of all things here on earth, And their effects, did clearly see the birth, Or first original, of every thing, From such an effence to descend or spring. The very novices in nature's school, May foon convince that man to be a fool, Who, by the Creator's glory, can't discern The being of that dreadful Sovereign, Who did them form and make, for every where His glorious God-head they do all declare. Had I but time, I could some pages fill, To shew to you, how that man's reason will: Teach him there is a God, for if he mind The nature of his foul, this he might find. Man's foul is like a spring, or like to fire, It resteth not alost, but doth aspire, And

And unto Noab's Dove I'll it compare. God is the ark, foul's rest alone in there. The flesh dams up the spring, quenches desire, Keeps out of th' ark, to which it would retire. But to conclude this, no man can disown, God, by his judgment, daily is made known. What fad examples daily do we hear, Of wrath and vengeance almost every where? Some drunkards and blasphemers struck down

dead,

And others, with strange judgments, tortured. Some have prefum'd the Holy God to dare, Whom he would not one little minute spare; If this will not convince you of your error, I fear you will, ere long, fall under terror; For if you will not now fair warning take, God may, of you, a fad example make. Your flate, alas! above all men, is fad, Because of God you once such knowledge had, And of his ways, which now you loath and hate; O Sir! confider this your woeful state, And cry to God, if peradventure he May give you grace, whereby your foul may fee Your heinous fin, that fo you may repent And turn to God before your days are spent.

APOSTATE.

I must confess, I know not what to say, If there's a God, then curled be the day That ever I was born, for I do know, He never unto me will mercy show.

I now resolve to open my condition.
Tho' all's in vain, for there is no contrition
Will do me good, I utterly am lost,
For I have sinn'd against the Holy Ghost;
I wilfully have sinn'd, and there remains
Nothing for me, but everlasting pains.
O that there were no God! for then would I
Be like the beast, whene'er I come to die.
For love o'th' world, and for my present ease,
I am become like to the troubled seas.
No rest nor comfort ever shall I find,
Curs'd be the day that ever I declin'd
From these good ways, in which, dear youth,

you go, Or ever I did God or Jesus know; For if I had not known them, it is clear, My fin would not so heinous now appear; My conscience doth prick me to the heart, I never shall be eased of this smart. O that I were in Hell! for then should I Soon fee the worst of my extremity. Thou thalt, dear youth, for ever happy be, For thou art chosen from eternity. To be an heir of that eternal blifs; But I, alas ! am damn'd, what woe like this? The Devil, with his glift'ring golden ball, Hath me deceiv'd, and now I see my fall To be so bad, no tongue can it express, My woeful pain is quite remedliefs. The checks of Conscience did greatly slight, And loved darkness, greatly hated light; Yea, and of good I never lov'd to hear, Though I of him had hints oft-times most clear, And And now will he my foul to pleces tear,
And make me his eternal vengeance bear.
Let all backfliders of me warning take,
Before they fall into the Sygian Lake;
Yea, and return, and make with God their peace,
Before the days of grace and mercy cease;
For mine are past for ever, Oh! condole
My sad estate, and milerable soul.
My days will quickly end, and I must lie,
Broiling in flames, to all eternity.

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